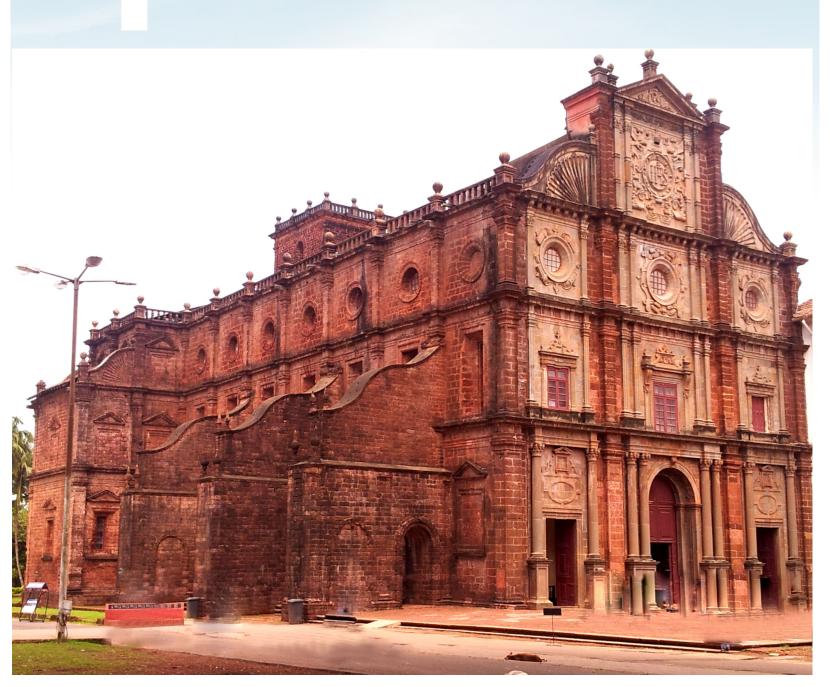
# ANNUAL REPORT 2024



INDIAN OCEAN MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING



St. Francis Xavier's Church, Goa, India.



# **Chair's Message**



It is with great pride and responsibility that I present this message for the 2024 Annual Port State Control Report of the Indian Ocean Memorandum of Understanding (IOMOU). As the Chair, I am privileged to represent an organization that stands steadfast in its mission to uphold maritime safety, protect the marine environment, and ensure fair labour conditions onboard vessels. This year has been particularly significant, marked by the celebration of 25 years of collaboration, innovation, and commitment within the IOMOU. Our member Authorities, through their unwavering dedication, have upheld the values that define the essence of this organization. The data and analysis in this report not only reflect our collective efforts but also serve as a testament to the ongoing challenges and progress in ensuring compliance with international conventions.

The IOMOU has made remarkable strides in addressing emerging issues, including the inspection of fishing vessels, which aligns with our broader goal of combating illegal, unreported, and unregulated (IUU) fishing. Such initiatives, coupled with our expert training programs, CIC like every year aligning with other MoU's, underscore the importance of capacity-building and knowledge-sharing among our members.

As we reflect on the year 2024, I extend my gratitude to all Port State Control Officers, Secretariat and supporting organizations whose contributions are indispensable to the success of our endeavours. The IOMOU remains committed to strengthening regional cooperation and aligning with global standards to create a safer and more sustainable maritime domain.

As the theme for last year 2024 says; "Celebrating 25 years; recommitting for sustainable, clean and safe shipping."

Let us continue to navigate these waters with determination, foresight, and unity. Together, we can ensure that the Indian Ocean region remains a leader in port state control excellence.

Mr. Tobela Gqabu Chair, IOMOU, 2023

# **Foreword by the Secretary**



It gives me immense pleasure to present the Annual Report of the Indian Ocean Memorandum of Understanding (IOMOU) for the year 2024. This document encapsulates our collective efforts and achievements as we continue to uphold maritime safety, security, and environmental protection within the Indian Ocean region. Last year held a special place in the history of IOMOU as we celebrated 25 years of our establishment during the 27th Annual Port State Control (PSC) Committee Meeting held in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania. This milestone was not merely a reflection of our longevity but a testimony to the steadfast commitment of our member authorities in ensuring the relevance and efficacy of the IOMOU's objectives. The celebrations also served as a platform to renew our vision for the future of PSC in a rapidly evolving maritime landscape.

Another significant achievement was the successful workshop of the three Treaties at Cape Town, hosted by South Africa, combined with the trial run of the collaborated pilot training project between Indian Ocean Memorandum of Understanding on Port State Control (IOMOU) and the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission (IOTC) on port State control inspections on fishing vessels to tackle safety, labor and IUU fishing issues from 16-19 April 2024 and was followed by the first in-country training session in South Africa, From 19-29 August 2024, inviting other member States namely Mauritius, Seychelles, Sri Lanka, jointly with the Department of Forestry, Fisheries, and the Environment (DFFE), SAMSA.

This pioneering initiative, involving four member states, was met with overwhelming support from the host and participants, underscoring the importance of capacity building in the fight against illegal, unreported, and unregulated (IUU) fishing. With over 4.6 million fishing vessels operating globally, many of which require immediate overhaul and better regulatory oversight, this project is a critical step toward improving compliance and sustainability in the fishing industry.

Building on our commitment to training, Secretariat feels proud to highlight the first-ever Expert Mission Training Program, exclusively organized by the IOMOU Secretariat in Mombasa, Kenya from 18-29 November 2024. This independently arranged program marked a new chapter in our efforts to equip PSC officers with the expertise needed to address emerging challenges.

In addition to these milestones, we successfully conducted a Concentrated Inspection Campaign (CIC) on Crew Wages and Seafarers' Employment Agreements (MLC) from 1 September to 30 November 2024 simultaneously with the Paris MoU, Tokyo MoU, and other interested MoU's, along with our routine inspections and activities.

As of January 1, 2024, the global merchant fleet comprised approximately 109,000 vessels of at least 100 gross tons, including about 58,200 vessels over 1,000 gross tons. This represents an increase from the previous year; for instance, at the start of 2023, the fleet consisted of 61,811 vessels with a combined capacity of 2.25 billion deadweight tons, marking a 3.6% year-on-year growth. Regarding the average age of ocean-going vessels, at the beginning of 2023, the average age was 22.2 years, two years older than a decade prior, with more than half of the fleet over 15 years old.

This aging fleet may lead to increased Port State Control (PSC) inspections, as older vessels often require more rigorous scrutiny to ensure compliance with safety and environmental standards. The expansion of the fleet, coupled with its aging profile, suggests that the number of vessels subject to PSC inspections is likely to rise, potentially increasing the workload for inspection authorities.

With over 99,800 merchant ships, as reported by UNCTAD, the need for robust PSC regimes to ensure compliance with international standards remains more critical than ever. Amid these accomplishments, the maritime industry continues to navigate significant challenges. The world fleet is ageing; environmental targets are hardening but progress towards fleet renewal remains slow. The transition to cleaner energy sources in line with climate goals (GHG transition) presents a dilemma for shipowners, who face difficulties in deciding on the most climate-friendly ship designs and construction options. Coupled with geopolitical disturbances, the resilience of international shipping is under strain, emphasizing the urgency of unified global efforts.

These challenges highlight the indispensable role of the IOMOU in safeguarding maritime operations. By fostering collaboration and enhancing capacity, we contribute to the global goal of safer, cleaner, and fairer seas.

I extend my heartfelt gratitude to the member authorities, the Secretariat team, and all stakeholders whose relentless efforts and cooperation have made these achievements possible. As we look forward to 2025, let us continue to work together to strengthen the foundations of maritime safety and security, ensuring a sustainable future for all.

With Best wishes and best of Luck.

Achintya B. Dutta

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# INTRODUCTION GENERAL

The Indian Ocean Memorandum of Understanding (IOMOU) on port State control (PSC) in the Indian Ocean region was finalized on the basis of the first preparatory meeting held in India in October 1997 and the second meeting in June 1998 in South Africa. The second meeting was attended by Australia, Bangladesh, Djibouti, Eritrea, Ethiopia, India, Iran, Kenya, Maldives, Mauritius, Mozambique, Myanmar, Oman, Seychelles, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Tanzania and Yemen.

The port State control system aims to verify whether foreign flagged ships calling at a port of a State comply with applicable International Maritime Conventions. Each Authority ensures that the foreign merchant ships visiting its ports comply with the standards articulated in the relevant Conventions and all amendments thereto in force. When ships are found not to be in substantial compliance with the applicable regulations, laws or relevant Conventionsion requirements, the PSC system imposes actions to ensure they are brought into compliance. Ships to be inspected are selected on the basis of targeting criteria outlined in the Memorandum and a non-discriminatory policy is observed.

Under the Memorandum, each Authority will establish and maintain an effective system of PSC regime. The mission of the IOMOU among the maritime authorities responsible for port State control in the Indian Ocean region is to promote the effective implementation of an improved and harmonized system of PSC by uniform application, of relevant International Maritime Organization (IMO)/International Labour Organization (ILO) instruments on ships operating in the region.

This will be accomplished through the establishment and maintenance of a harmonized system of PSC by the member Authorities, and the effective operation of the Committee, the Secretariat and the IOCIS. Of particular importance is the cooperation and the exchange of information between the members of the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) and with other regional PSC regimes.

Followings are the relevant instruments on which regional port State control is based, together with the protocols and amendments to these conventions and related codes of mandatory status as and when they enter into force:

- The International Convention on Load Lines, 1966
- The International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974 (SOLAS 74)
- The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973, as modified by the Protocol of 1978 relating thereto (MARPOL 73/78)
- The International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Seafarers, 1978 (STCW 78)
- The Convention on the International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, 1972
- The International Convention on Tonnage Measurement of Ships, 1969
- The Merchant Shipping (Minimum Standards) Convention, 1976 (ILO Convention No. 147)
- The Maritime Labour Convention, 2006 (MLC, 2006)
- The International Convention on the Control of Harmful Anti-fouling Systems on Ships 2001
- The International Convention on Civil Liability for Bunkers Pollution Damager, 2001 (Bunkers Convention)
- Protocol of 1992 to amend the International convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage, 1969 (CLC Protocol 1992)
- The International Convention for the control and Management of Ships' Ballast Water and Sediments. 2004 (BWM 2004)
- Cape Town Agreement 2012, (CTA12)
- The Nairobi International Convention on the Removal of Wrecks, 2007 (NAIROBI WRC 2007)

#### **Members, Observers & Observers Organization**

The Committee meetings are attended by the member Authorities as well as Observer States and organizations.

As of December 2024, the following countries, states and organizations are observers and parties to the Memorandum:

#### **Countries that are party to the Memorandum:**

- Australia
- Bangladesh
- Comoros
- Eritrea
- France (La Reunion)
- India
- Iran
- Kenya
- Madagascar
- Maldives
- Mauritius
- Mozambique
- Myanmar
- Oman
- Sevchelles
- · Sri Lanka
- South Africa
- Sudan
- Tanzania
- Yemen

#### Observer organizations:

- Black Sea Memorandum of Understanding
- Caribbean Memorandum of Understanding
- Riyadh Memorandum of Understanding
- · Paris Memorandum of Understanding
- Tokyo Memorandum of Understanding
- West & Central Africa Memorandum of Understanding
- The International Maritime Organization
- The International Labor Organization
- United States Coast Guard
- Mediterranean Memorandum of Understanding
- Equasis

#### Observer State of the IOMOU:

Ethiopia

#### **IOMOU Secretariat**

The Secretariat of the Indian Ocean Memorandum of Understanding (IOMOUS) is based at Goa in India. The Secretariat is governed by and accountable to the Committee of the IOMOU on port State control. It acts under the direction of the Committee and assists the Committee in its activities including conducting meetings.

The IOMOU Secretariat is headed by the Secretary Mr. Achintya B. Dutta, assisted by the Office Manager Mrs. Priyanka Sawant, Office Assistant Mrs. Purvi P. Kesarkar and Data Management Assistant Ms. Sushmita Naik.

#### **Contact Details**

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#### **Email Address:**

iomou.sec@nic.in

#### Website:

www.iomou.org

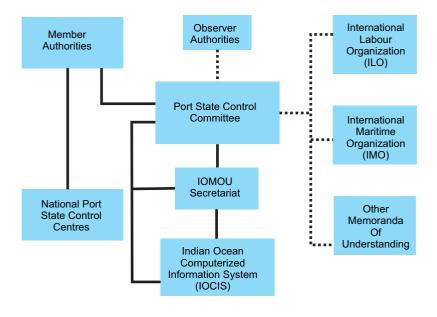
#### Telephone:

- +91 832 2538 128
- +91 832 2538 398

#### Telefax:

+91 832 2538 127

#### **Organisational Structure of the IOMOU**



#### The Committee

The Indian Ocean Memorandum of Understanding on port State control held its twenty-seventh PSC committee meeting in Dar es Salam, Tanzania from 26 to 30 August 2024 along with the silver jubilee celebration on completion of 25 years of IOMOU. This meeting and the silver jubilee celebration was hosted by the Tanzania Shipping Agencies corporation (TASAC).

Representatives from the following IOMOU member States and observers attended the meeting:

Australia, Bangladesh, Comoros, France, India, Islamic Republic of Iran, Kenya, Mauritius, Mozambique, Myanmar, Oman, Seychelles, South Africa, Sri Lanka, and Tanzania

Abuja MoU, Black Sea MoU, and Paris MoU participated in the meeting as the Observers.

Observers to the IOMOU i.e. International Maritime Organization, International Labour

Organization and Tokyo MoU participated in the meeting through virtual mode

Industry forum from the Asian Classification Societies (ACS) and Navguide Solution LLP attended the meeting in person and International Association of Classification Societies (IACS) and International Chamber of Shipping (ICS) through virtual mode.

IOCIS Manager from the National Informatics Centre (NIC) also participated in the meeting.

Capt. Tobela Gqabu, Chair of the Committee presided over the Committee meeting as Chair.



#### OUTCOMES OF THE TWENTY-SEVENTH IOMOU COMMITTEE MEETING

- 1. Procedure for inspection through remote location by the PSCOs in Indian Ocean Region has been approved by the Committee and advise IOCIS Manager to make necessary modification in IOCIS for reporting such inspections separately;
- 2. Committee approved guidelines for accepting E-Certificate in Indian Ocean Region;
- 3. Correspondence Group presented their report of the Concentrated Inspection Campaign (CIC) on Fire Safety which was carried out from 1 September to 30 November 2023. The CIC analysis was submitted to the Implementation of IMO Instruments (III), 10th session;
- 4. The Committee agreed to conduct a CIC on Ballast Water Management in conjunction with Paris MoU and Tokyo MoU, for the year 2025;
- 5. The Committee approved amendments to the PSC Manual related to addition of various codes and Guidelines for port state control for compliance with the ISM code, with the TMOU approach to the accept additional SMC audits by Flag/RO following an ISM detention;
- 6. A Correspondence Groups (CG) presented its report on various topics and Committee formed more Correspondence Group on various topics;
- 7. The Committee further adopted the 2023 Annual Report;
- 8. The Committee noted the progress made on the Co-operation programme between IOTC and IOMOU and completion of first in-country training on fishing vessel inspection;
- 9. The Committee approved its annual Theme for the year 2025 as: "Building a Resilient Maritime World: Safety, Cooperation and Innovation".

#### **Detention Review Panel**

If the flag State or their Recognized Organizations (ROs), acting on behalf of the flag State, disagree with the outcome of the port State ruling concerning a detention, may request for a review by the Indian Ocean MOU's Detention Review Panel, within 90 days from the date of detention

The Detention Review Panel is comprised of three Indian Ocean MOU member Authorities, excluding the port State and the ship's flag State and the ISM issuing country, if they are members of the Indian Ocean MOU.

In the year 2024, the Secretariat did not receive any appeal towards any detention.

#### TRAINING AND SEMINAR FOR PORT STATE CONTROL

#### Trainings, workshops, and expert missions conducted in the IOMOU Region:

Sr.	Description	Number of
No.		Sessions
1	IMO Sponsored. Trainings/Workshop/Expert Mission Course in IOMOU Region	8
2	Expert Missions Trainings Offered by Tokyo MOU	4
3	Familiarization Training in Madagascar	1
4	Expert Mission Offered by Australia, under AusAID .	3
5	Maritime English Training offered by Australia, under AusAID	1
6	IOMOU/IOTC collaborated in - country Training Course on Port State Control	1
	(PSC) and Port State Measures ((PSM) Inspections, Funded by Australia	
7	First Expert Mission training by India Ocean MoU, Under IOMOU TC fund	1

#### Seminars held in the Indian Ocean MoU:

Seminar	Date	Location		
First Seminar	9 to 11 February, 2005	Pune, India		
Second seminar	12 to 15 February, 2007	Pune, India		
Third seminar	11 to 13 March 2015	Kolkata, India		
Fourth Seminar 28 August to 1 September, 2016		Male, Maldives		
Fifth Seminar 13 to 17 November 2017		Mumbai, India		
Sixth Seminar 10 to 14 September 2018		Yangon, Myanmar		
Seventh Seminar	09 to 13 December 2019	Mahe, Seychelles		
Eighth Seminar 22 to 26 March 2021		Kenya Maritime Authority in association with		
		the IOMOU Secretariat (virtual mode)		
Ninth Seminar	17 to 21 July 2022	Male, Maldives		
Tenth Seminar	07 to 11 May 2023	Chattogram, Bangladesh		
Eleventh Seminar	03 to 07 December 2023	Muscat, Oman		

#### **IOMOU-IOTC PILOT PROJECT TRAINING PROGRAMME**

IOMOU-IOTC pilot project training programme for the inspectors of the Indian Ocean region operating under the Port State Control (PSC) and the Port State Measures (PSM) regimes on vessels inspection in Cape Town, South Africa held from 19-29 August 2024 organized in collaboration with FAO, ILO, IMO, and The Pew Charitable Trusts.



#### FIRST EXPERT MISSION TRAINING BY IOMOU

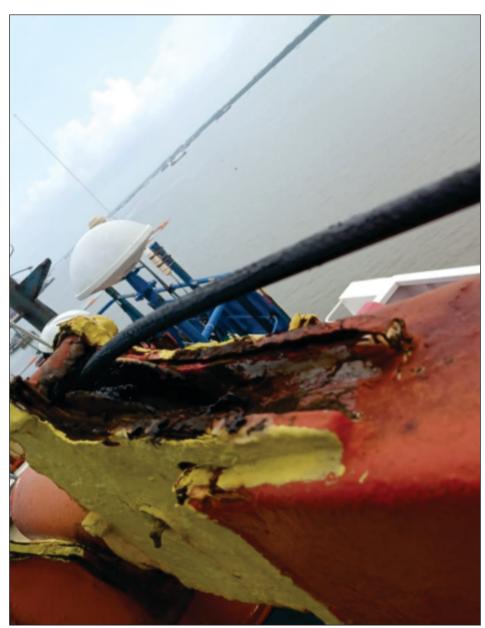
First Expert Mission Training by Indian Ocean MoU was held from 18 to 29 November 2024 in Mombasa, Kenya at Travelers' beach hotel & club, Mombasa, Kenya. The seminar was hosted by the Kenya Maritime Authority in association with the IOMOU Secretariat. Sixteen participants from the member Authorities of Indian Ocean region attended this training. Apart from the IOMOU member Authorities, participants from the Abuja MoU also attended the seminar



#### PORT STATE CONTROL DEFICIENCIES PHOTOS



Galley Drain Overboard line found leaking. [not properly maintained]



Life Davit Found Rusted, Corroded, thinned & holed.



Resting Pedestal for the Provision crane found Rusted & Corroded.



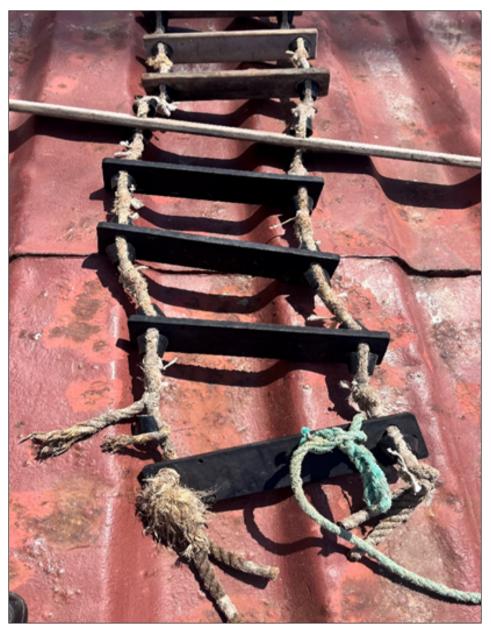
Base plate for Life Boat found Rusted, Corroded, thinned and Holed in some Places



Engine room aft blower's inlet fin frame found completed corroded and wasted. [corroded]



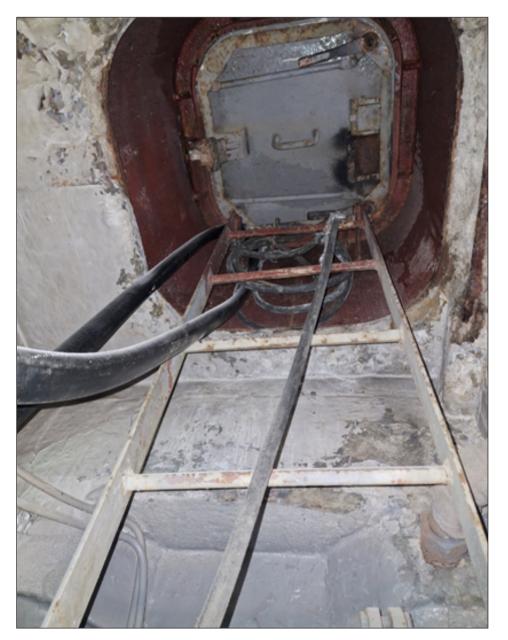
Steering gear room intermediate inlet ducting just above telephone exchange area found completely corroded and wasted. [Not as required]



Pilot ladder was unsafe. (rope and steps) [unsafe]

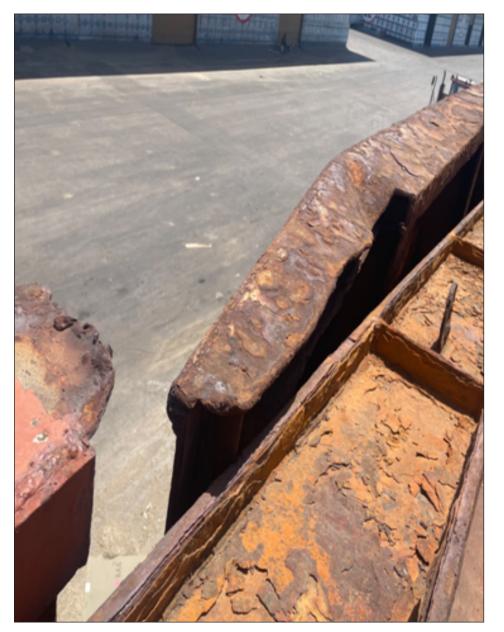


Both Sides Anchor Gipsy Wheels and Mooring Capstans Corroded Heavily. [Not properly maintained]



Emergency Exit Way in Pump Room Obstructed by Flexible Pipe. [unsafe]

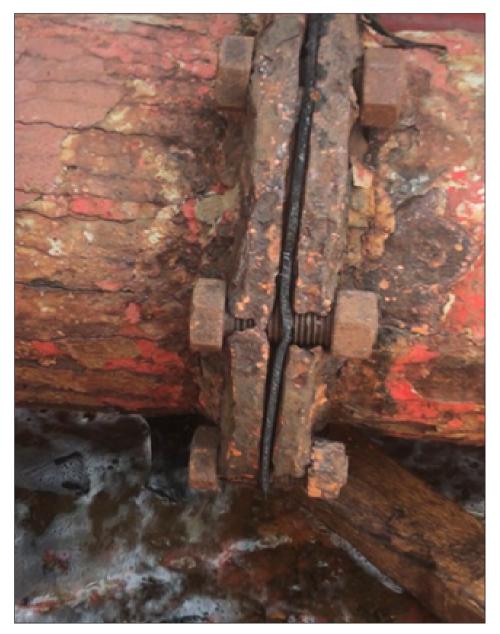
All mooring wings bed plate & drums heavy corroded [corroded]



Bulwark & guard rails corroded & broken [damaged]



Door Handles of Forecastle Emergency Exit Way Seized. [not properly maintained]



Deck main fire hardly corroded and holed and leaky [Not as required]



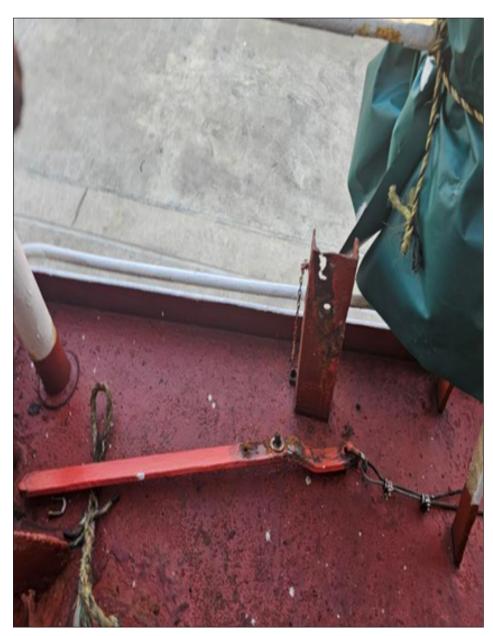
lower part of Engine room entry weathertight door from aft side (outside of the accommodation) are wasted and holed. [cracked]



Emission of Excessive Soot Observed from Main Engine Funnels. [Not properly maintained]



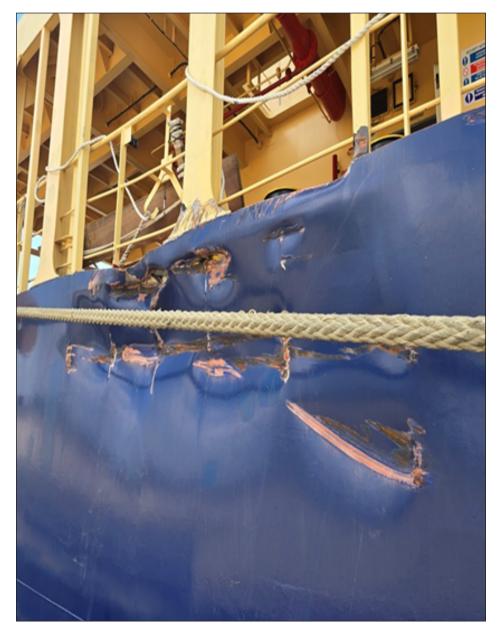
One Set of Battery not Properly Maintained for Start of Emergency Diesel Generator. Weak Cable Connection. [not properly maintained]



Remote launching handle from port side life boat wasted and detached [Damaged]

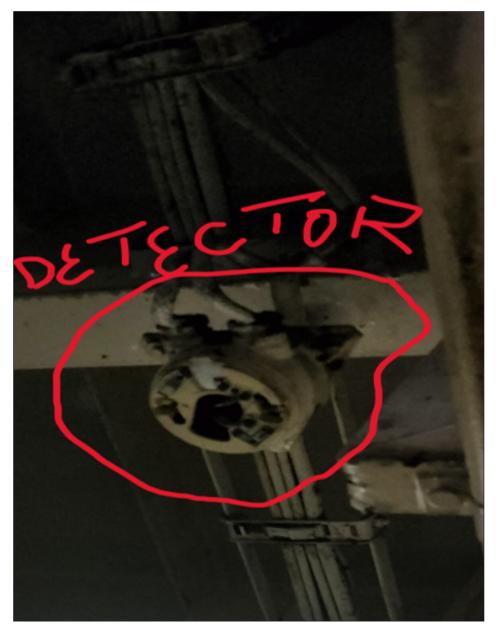


Accommodation ladder safe operation information cannot be identified



Pierced a hole in the hull between Frame No 5 to 10.

Trace of heavy F.O. in the bunker on deck



Fire detectors in engine room defective, some missing [Not properly maintained]

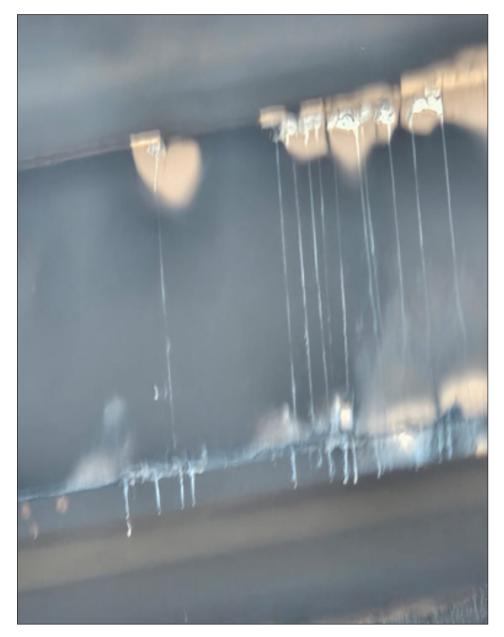
Life raft Fwd. and Aft heavily secured [Lashed down]



Cargo holds corroded with cracks and holes [damaged]



Manhole cover TST 3A holed, rubber damaged, missing nuts [cracked]

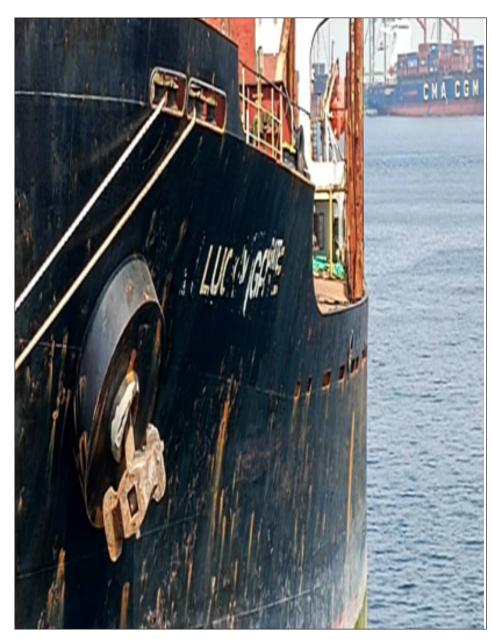


Further inspection was suspended and referred to the class (DNV) to conduct through inspection of the vessel and report to the flag/port state of vessel seaworthiness. [Damaged]

overall engine room cleanliness is not as required [Insufficient]



Engine room tank top cleanliness not as required [Insufficient]



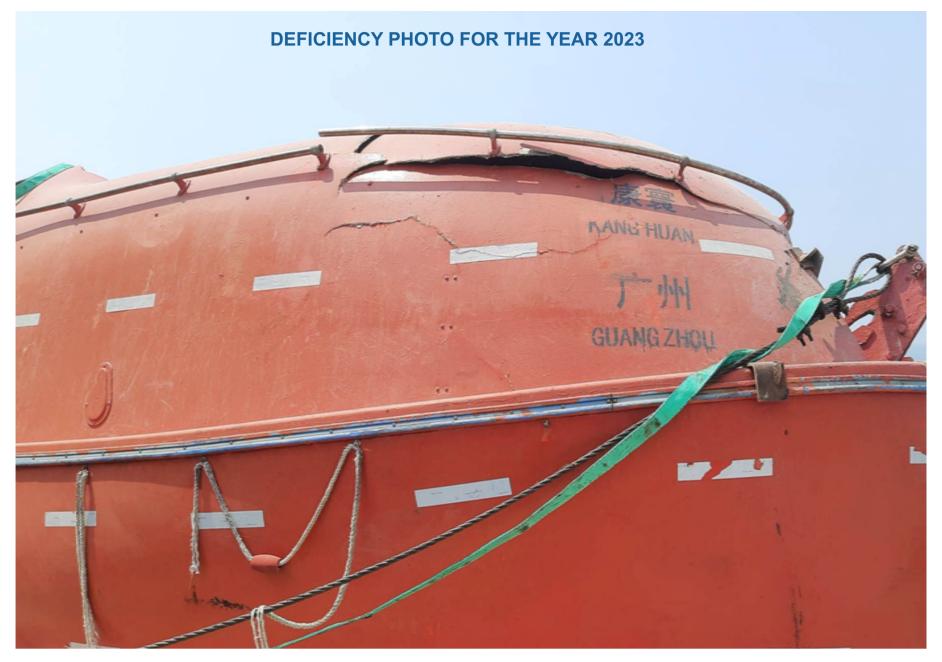
Vessel name in forward port side partially faded out [not readable]



the top end of hatch coaming No. 2-3 is very rusty and corroded [Other]



Engine room tank top full of water and over all cleaning condition not as required [Insufficient]



Nature of Deficiency: Lifeboats

Deficiency Description: Stbd Lifeboat which is also rescue boat is damaged [Damaged]

PSCO: Capt.Sheikh Md.Jalal Uddin Gazi (Bangladesh)

#### **CO-OPERATION WITH OTHER REGIONAL MOUS**

Considering the importance of inter-regional co-operation and harmonization of the PSC regimes, IOMOU participates in the Concentrated Inspection Campaigns (CICs) jointly with the Tokyo and Paris MoUs every year. All the CIC inspections carried from 2012 to 2024 are recorded in the IOMOU website (Indian Ocean Computerized Information System) for the information of all interested parties.

The IOMOU realized the need for this co-operation right from its inception and obtained Observer status with the other MoUs such as Tokyo MoU, Paris MoU, Caribbean MoU, Black Sea MoU, Abuja MoU, Mediterranean MoU, and Riyadh MoU. It continues to maintain this status by attending their committee meetings and other activities.

In a similar spirit, the IOMOU has granted Observer status to the MoUs as indicated under the list of Observers.

The representatives of the Secretariat attend other Committees' meetings depending upon their own programs. This is in effect to benchmark and gives an opportunity to understand initiatives of other MoUs on PSC. During the year 2024 the Secretary was invited to attend the following meetings:

- Riyadh MoU
- Paris MOU
- Caribbean MoU
- Abuja MoU
- · Tokyo MoU
- Med MoU
- Black Sea MoU

In this regard the Secretary attended the following meetings for the year 2024 either using written procedure, virtual mode or by physical appearance:

- 21th Riyadh MoU (PSCC21) written procedure from 19 to 21 February 2024
- 24rd Black Sea MoU (PSCC24) virtual meeting from 26 to 28 March 2024
- 57th Paris MoU (PSCC57) in Madrid, Spain from 06 to 10 May 2024
- 14th Abuja MoU (PSCC14) virtual meeting from 10 to 12 September 2024
- 35th Tokyo MoU (PSCC35) in Incheon, Korea from 11 to 14 November 2024

In addition to the above, the IOMOU Secretariat attended the MACN | 2024 Fall Member Meeting held in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia on 22nd October 2024 and also the Senior Officers' Conference held in Jaipur, India on 24th October 2024. The Secretary also attended various meetings, via virtual mode, as conducted and invited by the various organizations to update the knowledge on the international shipping and also on the guidance related to the port State control activities.

#### **IOCIS AND IOMOU WEBSITE**

Indian Ocean Computerized Information System (IOCIS) and the IOMOU website are maintained by the National Informatics Centre, Government of India. The Secretariat is in continuous contact with the Manager of the IOCIS.

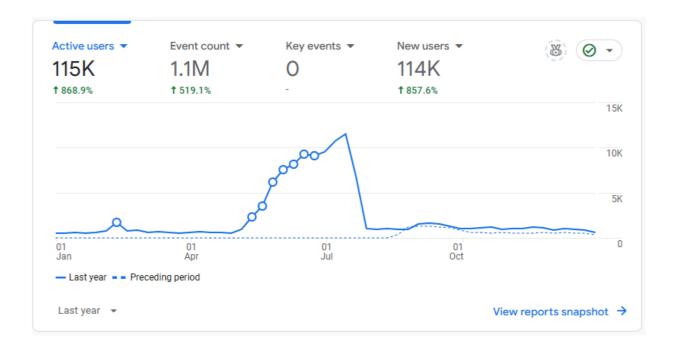
Following enhancement/modification has been made in the IOMOU website/ IOCIS;

- Holiday List and Theme for the year 2024 updated
- Disclaimer notice for PSC data updated
- Report of the 27th Meeting and Annual Report 2023 hosted
- List of deficiency and codes updated and hosted on the home page of the website
- Recent updates are provided from time to time on social media accounts such as Twitter, Instagram, and Facebook
- Revised MoU file updated
- Press Release on the Preliminary Result of the CIC on Fire Safety, carried out from 1
   September to 30 November 2023 updated
- Performance evaluation for the year 2023 updated and added one more option under Performance evaluation for selection "Authority wise Inspection Result with respect to Deficiencies" for the purpose of sorting deficiency category
- Created IOMOU PSC Data Sharing with Flag/RO (Testing Module)
- · PSC addresses updated time to time
- National arrangement and PSC manual updated
- Slide show images updated with latest news
- Information on Seminars/training, CIC, and meeting of the IOMOU along with Presentation/lectures of the seminars presented by the experts uploaded
- · Underperforming ships list and Detention list Auto updated
- NIR Ratios implemented for 2024-25
- · Ship on watchlist and banned ships updated

Data exchange with Equasis, S&P Global (IHS Markit Maritime & Trade (IHS Markit)), Lloyd's List (LLI) and the International Maritime Organization (IMO) under GISIS is being carried out. Facilities of Hyperlink between IOCIS and APCIS, IOCIS and Caribbean MoU, IOCIS and Black Sea MoU and IOCIS and Equasis are being taken care of. Data transfer facility is provided to Abuja MoU for extracting PSC data reported by the Authority of South Africa.

#### **INTERNET TRAFFIC ANALYTICS**

The IOMOU website iomou.org has been visited by many to gather information on PSC inspections in the Indian Ocean Region. The below information is provided through google analytics.



115k total users between 1January 2024 to 31 December 2024

Month	Users Hits	Event counts
January	2200	31000
February	3900	47000
March	2300	36000
April	2300	350 00
May	12000	118000
June	36000	307000
July	37000	306000
August	4000	53000
September	6000	60000
October	4400	56000
November	4300	48000
December	3800	44000

# STATUS OF THE RELEVANT INSTRUMENTS TONNAGE, LOADLINE, SOLAS

#### (Date of Deposit of Instruments) as at 31 December 2024

Sr. No	Authority	TONNAGE CONVENTION 69	LOADLINE CONVENTION 66	LOAD LINE PROT 88	SOLAS 74	SOLAS PROT 78	SOLAS PROT 88
1	Australia	21.05.1982	29.07.1968	07.02.1997	17.08.1983	17.08.1983	07.02.1997
2	Bangladesh	06.11.1981	10.05.1978	18.12.2002	06.11.1981	-	18.12.2002
3	Comoros	22.11.2000	22.11.2000	-	22.11.2000	22.11.2000	-
4	Eritrea	22.04.1996	22.04.1996	04.02.2000	22.04.1996	-	04.02.2000
5	France	31.10.1980	30.11.1966	05.10.1990	25.05.1977	21.12.1979	28.02.1992
6	India	26.05.1977	19.04.1968	10.08.2000	16.06.1976	03.04.1986	22.08.2000
7	Iran	28.12.1973	05.10.1973	31.10.2006	17.10.1994	31.08.2000	31.10.2006
8	Kenya	15.12.1992	12.09.1975	07.07.2015	21.07.1999	07.07.2015	07.07.2015
9	Madagascar	27.07.2017	16.01.1967	26.07.2019	07.03.1996	-	26.07.2019
10	Maldives	02.06.1983	29.01.1968	-	14.01.1981	-	20.05.2005
11	Mauritius	11.10.1988	11.10.1988	17.12.2002	01.02.1988	-	17.12.2002
12	Mozambique	30.10.1991	30.10.1991	-	23.12.1996	-	-
13	Myanmar	04.05.1988	11.11.1987	03.10.2019	11.11.1987	11.11.1987	03.07.2019
14	Oman	24.09.1990	20.08.1975	17.06.1991	25.04.1985	25.04.1985	17.06.1991
15	Seychelles	17.07.2017	01.10.1976	27.09.1989	10.05.1988	10.05.1988	27.09.1989
16	South Africa	24.11.1982	14.12.1966	-	23.05.1980	11.01.1982	-
17	Sri Lanka	11.03.1992	10.05.1974	08.03.2024	30.08.1983	-	08.03.2024

Sr. No	Authority	TONNAGE CONVENTION 69	LOADLINE CONVENTION 66	LOAD LINE PROT 88	SOLAS 74	SOLAS PROT 78	SOLAS PROT 88	
18	Sudan	21.05.2002	21.05.2002 26.09.1991		15.05.1990	-	-	
19	Tanzania 28.03.2001 28.02.1989		-	28.03.2001	-	-		
20	Yemen	06.03.1979	06.03.1979	11.01.2012	06.03.1979	-	11.01.2012	
Entry	in force date	18.07.1982	21.07.1968	03.02.2000	25.05.1980	01.05.1981	03.02.2000	

### STCW, AFS, COLREG, BUNKERS, CLC, BWM, ILO/MLC

#### (Date of Deposit of Instruments) as at 31 December 2024

Sr.	Authority	STCW 78	AFS 2001	COLREG 72	Bunkers	CLC PROT1992	BWM	ILO 147
No					Convention 2001		2004	MLC 2006*
1	Australia	07.11.1983	09.01.2007	29.02.1980	16.03.2009	09.10.1995	07.06.2017	21.12.2011
2	Bangladesh	06.11.1981	07.06.2018	10.05.1978	-	-	07.06.2018	06.11.2014
3	Comoros	22.11.2000	-	22.11.2000	01.02.2018	15.01.2000	-	18.02.2024
4	Eritrea	22.04.1996	-	22.04.1996	-	-	-	-
5	France	11.07.1980	12.03.2007	10.05.1974	19.10.2010	29.09.1994	24.09.2008	02.05.1978/ 28.02.2013
6	India	16.11.1984	24.04.2015	30.05.1973	-	15.11.1999	-	26.09.1996/ 09.10.2015
7	Iran	01.08.1996	06.04.2011	17.01.1989	21.11.2011	24.10.2007	06.04.2011	11.06.2014
8	Kenya	15.12.1992	07.07.2015	15.12.1992	07.07.2015	02.02.2000	14.01.2008	31.07.2014
9	Madagascar	07.03.1996	26.07.2019	27.07.2017	11.07.2017	21.05.2002	27.07.2017	15.06.2023
10	Maldives	22.01.1987	-	14.01.1981	-	20.05.2005	22.06.2005	07.10.2014
11	Mauritius	04.07.1991	-	26.05.1989	17.07.2013	06.12.1999	-	30.05.2014
12	Mozambique	15.11.1985	-	30.10.1991	-	26.04.2002	-	25.05.2021
13	Myanmar	04.05.1988	17.08.2022	11.11.1987	19.01.2018	12.07.2016	17.08.2022	25.05.2016
14	Oman	24.09.1990	06.03.2019	25.04.1985	30.04.2020	08.07.1994	01.02.2022	29.03.2022
15	Seychelles	22.08.1988	28.11.2023	22.08.1988	23.08.2019	23.07.1999	27.11.2017	07.01.2014

Sr. No	Authority	STCW 78	AFS 2001	COLREG 72	Bunkers Convention 2001	CLC PROT1992	BWM 2004	ILO 147 MLC 2006*
16	South Africa	27.07.1983	02.07.2008	20.12.1976	-	01.10.2004	15.04.2008	20.06.2013
17	Sri Lanka	22.01.1987	-	04.01.1978	-	22.01.1999	-	12.01.2017
18	Sudan	26.02.1997	-	11.03.2003	-	-	-	04.10.2019
19	Tanzania	27.10.1982	-	16.05.2006	-	19.11.2002	-	03.04.2019
20	Yemen	14.02.2005	-	06.03.1979	-	20.09.2006	-	-
	Entry in force date	28.04.1984	17.09.2008	15.07.1977	21.11.2008	30.05.1996	08.09.2017	28.11.1981/ 20.08.2013

<sup>\*</sup> MLC 2006 will supersede ILO 147 if the Authority ratified both.

### **MARPOL**

## (Date of Deposit of Instruments) as at 31 December 2024

Authority	Annex I & II	Annex III	Annex IV	Annex V	Annex VI
Australia	14.10.1987	10.10.1994	27.02.2004	14.08.1990	07.08.2007
Bangladesh	18.12.2002	18.12.2002	18.12.2002	18.12.2002	18.12.2002
Comoros	22.11.2000	22.11.2000	22.11.2000	22.11.2000	-
Eritrea	-	-	-	-	-
France	25.09.1981	25.09.1981	25.09.1981	25.09.1981	15.07.2005
India	24.09.1986	11.06.2003	11.06.2003	11.06.2003	23.11.2011
Iran	25.10.2002	29.05.2009	29.05.2009	25.10.2002	29.05.2009
Kenya	15.12.1992	15.12.1992	15.12.1992	15.12.1992	14.01.2008
Madagascar	30.08.2005	30.08.2005	30.08.2005	30.08.2005	26.07.2019
Maldives	20.05.2005	-	-	20.05.2005	-
Mauritius	06.04.1995	06.04.1995	06.04.1995	06.04.1995	23.03.2020
Mozambique	09.11.2005	09.11.2005	09.11.2005	09.11.2005	-
	Australia  Bangladesh  Comoros  Eritrea  France  India  Iran  Kenya  Madagascar  Maldives  Mauritius	Australia       14.10.1987         Bangladesh       18.12.2002         Comoros       22.11.2000         Eritrea       -         France       25.09.1981         India       24.09.1986         Iran       25.10.2002         Kenya       15.12.1992         Madagascar       30.08.2005         Maldives       20.05.2005         Mauritius       06.04.1995	Australia       14.10.1987       10.10.1994         Bangladesh       18.12.2002       18.12.2002         Comoros       22.11.2000       22.11.2000         Eritrea       -       -         France       25.09.1981       25.09.1981         India       24.09.1986       11.06.2003         Iran       25.10.2002       29.05.2009         Kenya       15.12.1992       15.12.1992         Madagascar       30.08.2005       30.08.2005         Maldives       20.05.2005       -         Mauritius       06.04.1995       06.04.1995	Australia 14.10.1987 10.10.1994 27.02.2004  Bangladesh 18.12.2002 18.12.2002 18.12.2002  Comoros 22.11.2000 22.11.2000 22.11.2000  Eritrea	Australia       14.10.1987       10.10.1994       27.02.2004       14.08.1990         Bangladesh       18.12.2002       18.12.2002       18.12.2002       18.12.2002         Comoros       22.11.2000       22.11.2000       22.11.2000       22.11.2000         Eritrea       -       -       -       -         France       25.09.1981       25.09.1981       25.09.1981       25.09.1981         India       24.09.1986       11.06.2003       11.06.2003       11.06.2003         Iran       25.10.2002       29.05.2009       29.05.2009       25.10.2002         Kenya       15.12.1992       15.12.1992       15.12.1992       15.12.1992         Madagascar       30.08.2005       30.08.2005       30.08.2005       30.08.2005         Maldives       20.05.2005       -       -       20.05.2005         Mauritius       06.04.1995       06.04.1995       06.04.1995       06.04.1995

Sr. No.	Authority	Annex I & II	Annex III	Annex IV	Annex V	Annex VI
13	Myanmar	04.05.1988	05.04.2016	05.04.2016	05.04.2016	-
14	Oman	13.03.1984	13.03.1984	13.03.1984	13.03.1984	-
15	Seychelles	28.11.1990	29.11.2019	29.11.2019	29.11.2019	29.11.2019
16	South Africa	28.11.1984	05.02.1997	17.09.2015	13.05.1992	17.09.2015
17	Sri Lanka	24.06.1997	24.06.1997	24.06.1997	24.06.1997	-
18	Sudan	-	21.01.2015	21.01.2015	21.01.2015	-
19	Tanzania	23.07.2008	23.07.2008	23.07.2008	23.07.2008	-
20	Yemen	-	-	-	-	-
Entry into	force date	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	27.09.2003	31.12.1988	19.05.2005

# PORT STATE CONTROL INSPECTION ACTIVITIES ANALYSIS

A total of **5,334** inspections were carried out in 2024. Out of these 5,334 inspections, **2,758** inspections had deficiencies and the total numbers of deficiencies were **11,999**.

Serious deficiencies noted by the PSCOs led to the detention of **225** ships and needed to be rectified prior to the ships' departure; the overall detention percentage for the year was **4.22%.** There has been **8.45%** decrease in the total number of inspections in 2024, compared to those were inspected in 2023, the detention percentage has also sightly decreased from **4.27%** recorded in 2023.

The average number of deficiencies per inspection in 2024 (2.24) has slightly decreased compared to the previous year (2.30).

The information given in the following tables and charts represents the port State control activities of Australia, Bangladesh, Comoros, France, India, Iran, Kenya, Madagascar, Maldives, Mozambique, Myanmar, Oman, Seychelles, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Tanzania, and Yemen. The remaining member Authorities are trying to overcome the challenges in carrying out their PSC inspection activities.

It should be noted that Australia, is a member of both the Tokyo MoU and the Indian Ocean MOU, South Africa is a member of the Abuja MoU and Indian Ocean MOU, Oman is a member of Riyadh MoU and the Indian Ocean MOU. Each record their PSC data with both MoUs, and so when considering a world picture of statistics, this duplication of data needs to be taken into account<sup>1</sup>.

## **STATISTICS FOR 2024**

### PORT STATE CONTROL INSPECTIONS CARRIED OUT BY AUTHORITIES

Authority	Number of Inspections	Number of Inspections with deficiencies	Number of Deficiencies	Number of Detentions	Detention Percentage
Australia <sup>1</sup>	2264	1376	5960	133	5.87
Bangladesh	955	245	789	3	0.31
Comoros	21	3	9	0	0.00
France	30	14	52	1	3.33
India	513	374	1907	39	7.60
Iran	419	304	1574	34	8.11
Kenya	119	42	110	2	1.68
Madagascar	4	2	5	0	0.00
Maldives	2	0	0	0	0.00
Mozambique	6	0	0	0	0.00
Myanmar	174	100	160	4	2.30
Oman <sup>1</sup>	101	24	129	4	3.96
Seychelles	13	9	58	0	0.00
South Africa <sup>1</sup>	126	37	244	4	3.17
Sri Lanka	3	3	12	0	0.00
Sudan	73	17	100	0	0.00
Tanzania	387	130	443	0	0.00
Yemen	124	78	447	1	0.81
Total	5334	2758	11999	225	4.22

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See comment on page 33 regarding Australia, South Africa, and Oman regarding data duplication between IOMOU and Tokyo, Abuja and Riyadh MoUs.

## **DEFICIENCIES BY TYPE OF SHIP**

Type of Ship	Number of Inspections	Number of Inspections with Deficiencies	Number of Deficiencies	Number of Detentions	Detention Percentage	Percentage of Inspections with Deficiencies
Bulk Carrier	2700	1258	5370	107	3.96	46.59
Chemical Tanker	299	130	520	8	2.68	43.48
Combination Carrier	10	3	15	0	0	30.00
Container Ship	747	390	1679	31	4.15	52.21
Commercial Yacht	1	1	15	1	100	100.00
Gas Carrier	135	84	403	7	5.19	62.22
Gas carrier/NLS tanker (GASNLS)	1	1	10	0	0	100.00
General Cargo / Multipurpose ship	765	543	2391	38	4.97	70.98
Heavy Load Carrier	9	3	12	0	0	33.33
Livestock Carrier	48	22	95	0	0	45.83
NLS Tanker *	5	2	5	1	20	40.00
Offshore Service Vessel	32	24	87	4	12.5	75.00
Oil Tanker	159	75	380	12	7.55	47.17
Oil tanker/Chemical tanker (OILCHEM)	90	41	142	2	2.22	45.56
Oil tanker/NLS tanker (OILNLS)	1	1	6	0	0	100.00
Other Types of Ship	28	23	167	3	10.71	82.14
Passenger Ship	65	34	123	2	3.08	52.31
Refrigerated Cargo Vessel	13	9	62	0	0	69.23
Ro-Ro Cargo Ship	24	14	67	0	0	58.33
Ro-Ro Passenger Ship	5	0	0	0	0	0.00
Special Purpose Ship	13	7	35	1	7.69	53.85
Tugboat	24	15	137	5	20.83	62.50
Vehicle Carrier	142	64	228	3	2.11	45.07
Wood Chip Carrier	18	14	50	0	0	77.78
Total	5334	2758	11999	225		

<sup>\*</sup> Earlier known to be Tanker not otherwise specified.

## **DEFICIENCIES BY FLAG**

Flag	Number of Inspections	Number of Inspections with Deficiencies	Number of Deficiencies	Number of Detentions	Detention Percentage
Antigua and Barbuda	64	33	161	5	7.81
Azerbaijan	7	7	26	0	0.00
Bahamas	161	83	360	8	4.97
Bangladesh	10	5	35	1	10.00
Barbados	30	9	23	0	0.00
Belgium	5	3	8	0	0.00
Belize	15	11	47	0	0.00
Bermuda (UK)	8	7	33	0	0.00
Cameroon	4	3	44	2	50.00
Cayman Islands (UK)	14	2	2	0	0.00
China	118	24	126	2	1.69
Comoros	46	44	403	19	41.3
Cook Islands	23	18	126	4	17.39
Croatia	1	0	0	0	0.00
Cyprus	110	62	267	3	2.73
Denmark	31	16	61	1	3.23
Djibouti	1	1	2	0	0.00
Egypt	4	0	0	0	0.00
Fiji	1	1	7	1	100.00
France	10	2	2	0	0.00
Gabon	5	5	60	0	0.00
Guinea	1	1	6	0	0.00
Guinea Bissau	3	2	7	0	0.00
Guyana	2	2	21	1	50.00
Gibraltar (UK)	5	4	15	1	20.00
Greece	53	23	60	0	0.00
Hong Kong, China	359	155	514	5	1.39
Honduras	3	3	12	0	0.00
India	24	10	57	1	4.17
Indonesia	16	11	36	0	0.00
Iran	9	5	37	0	0.00
Isle of Man (UK)	29	19	46	1	3.45
Italy	11	6	17	1	9.09
Jamaica	2	1	15	1	50.00
Japan	39	21	58	1	2.56
Jordan	5	1	4	0	0.00
Kazakhstan	3	3	8	0	0.00
Korea, Republic of	46	25	132	3	6.52
Kuwait	4	3	24	0	0.00
Lebanon	1	1	1	0	0.00
Liberia	866	431	1773	41	4.73
Luxembourg	10	3	16	0	0.00
Malaysia	10	8	47	3	30.00
Malta	208	85	315	8	3.85

Flag	Number of Inspections	Number of Inspections with Deficiencies	Number of Deficiencies	Number of Detentions	Detention Percentage
Marshall Islands	649	231	897	15	2.31
Mauritius	3	2	18	0	0.00
Micronesia	1	0	0	0	0.00
Mongolia	2	1	3	0	0.00
Netherlands	35	20	62	3	8.57
New Zealand	3	3	19	0	0.00
Norway	58	23	81	0	0.00
Papua New Guinea	1	1	1	0	0.00
Pakistan	2	2	13	0	0.00
Palau	51	36	236	6	11.76
Panama	1147	624	2726	45	3.92
Philippines	7	4	8	0	0.00
Portugal	91	54	244	2	2.2
Russian Federation	173	165	629	0	0.00
Saint Kitts and Nevis	44	37	286	6	13.64
Ships Registration withdrawn	1	1	19	1	100.00
Saint Vincent and the					
Grenadines	17	10	41	0	0.00
Sao Tome and Principe	4	4	30	0	0.00
South Africa	1	1	4	0	0.00
Spain	1	1	9	0	0.00
Saudi Arabia	6	2	2	0	0.00
Sierra Leone	6	5	26	0	0.00
Singapore	396	182	726	16	4.04
Sri Lanka	2	1	3	0	0.00
Sweden	3	2	3	0	0.00
Switzerland	1	1	3	0	0.00
Taiwan, China	13	7	22	0	0.00
Tanzania	22	20	179	4	18.18
Thailand	38	29	154	4	10.53
Togo	19	15	125	4	21.05
Turkey	5	2	6	0	0.00
Tuvalu	23	17	87	2	8.7
United Arab Emirates	4	0	0	0	0.00
United Kingdom	28	16	64	1	3.57
United States	7	5	16	0	0.00
Vanuatu	10	9	62	1	10.00
Viet Nam	83	66	181	2	2.41
Total	5334	2758	11999	225	

## **DEFICIENCIES BY CATEGORIES**

Code	Nature Of Deficiencies	Number of Deficiencies	Percentage
011	Certificate & Documentation - Ship Certificates	330	2.75
012	Certificate & Documentation - Crew Certificates	140	1.17
013	Certificate & Documentation - Documents	371	3.09
021	Structural Conditions	704	5.87
031	Water/Weathertight conditions	935	7.79
041	Emergency Systems	598	4.98
051	Radio Communications	294	2.45
061	Cargo operations including equipment	199	1.66
071	Fire safety	1831	15.26
081	Alarms	179	1.49
091	Living Conditions	152	1.27
092	Working Conditions	661	5.51
101	Safety of Navigation	1298	10.82
111	Lifesaving appliances	1019	8.49
121	Dangerous goods	21	0.18
131	Propulsion and auxiliary machinery	907	7.56
141	Pollution prevention - MARPOL Annex I	264	2.2
142	Pollution prevention - MARPOL Annex II	5	0.04
144	Pollution prevention - MARPOL Annex IV	140	1.17
145	Pollution prevention - MARPOL Annex V	134	1.12
146	Pollution prevention - MARPOL Annex VI	77	0.64
147	Pollution prevention - Anti Fouling	1	0.01
148	Pollution prevention – Ballast Water	31	0.26
151	ISM	356	2.97
161	ISPS	78	0.65
181	Minimum requirements for seafarers	17	0.14
182	Labour Conditions - Conditions of employment	126	1.05
183	Accommodation recreational facilities F and C	329	2.74
184	Health protection, medical care, social security	631	5.26
991	Other	171	1.43
	Total	11999	

## DEFICIENCIES BY RECOGNIZED ORGANIZATION RELATED DETENTIONS AND DEFICIENCIES

Recognized Organization	Number of Overall Inspections	Number of Inspections with Deficiencies	Number of Overall Detentions	Overall Detention %	Number of RO Responsible detentions	RO Responsible Detention %	Number of RO Related deficiencies
American Bureau of Shipping	512	224	20	3.91	2	0.39	3
Asia Classification Society	4	2	0	0	0	0	0
Asia Shipping Certification Services	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Biro Klasifikasi Indonesia	7	6	0	0	0	0	0
Bureau Veritas	560	252	20	3.57	2	0.36	6
Columbus American Register	8	5	1	12.5	0	0	0
China Classification Society	306	108	5	1.63	0	0	0
CR Classification Society	16	8	0	0	0	0	0
Cosmos Marine Bureau Inc.	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Croatian Register of Shipping	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
DNV	732	375	26	3.55	1	0.14	3
Dromon Bureau of Shipping	19	14	1	5.26	1	5.26	2
Horizon International Surveying and Inspection Bureau	1	1	1	100	0	0	0
Hellas Naval Bureau of Shipping	19	18	4	21.05	1	5.26	12
Intertek Maritime Bureau	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
Isthmus Bureau of Shipping	4	3	0	0	0	0	0
Isthmus Maritime Classification Society	1	1	1	100	0	0	0
Indian Register of Shipping	37	24	4	10.81	0	0	0
Intermaritime Certification Services, S.A.	8	6	2	25	0	0	0
International Naval Surveys Bureau	6	5	1	16.67	0	0	0
International Register of Shipping	19	18	0	0	0	0	0
International Ship Classification	1	1	1	100	0	0	0
Iranian Classification Society	5	3	0	0	0	0	0
KOREAN REGISTER	252	136	12	4.76	0	0	0
Viet Nam Register	62	51	1	1.61	0	0	0
Lloyd's Register	642	349	29	4.52	0	0	0
Maritime Bureau of Shipping	3	3	1	33.33	0	0	0
Macosnar Corporation	4	4	1	25	0	0	0
Maritime Lloyd Ltd.	4	4	2	50	0	0	0
Nippon Kaiji Kyokai	1536	728	57	3.71	6	0.39	7
National Shipping Adjusters Inc.	2	2	1	50	0	0	0
No Class	76	34	4	5.26	0	0	0
Other *	42	42	14	33.33	2	4.76	16

Recognized Organization	Number of Overall Inspections	Number of Inspections with Deficiencies	Number of Overall Detentions	Overall Detention %	Number of RO Responsible detentions	RO Responsible Detention %	Number of RO Related deficiencies
Overseas Marine Certification Services, Inc.	10	8	1	10	0	0	0
Panama Maritime Documentation Services	9	6	1	11.11	0	0	0
Panama Shipping Registrar, Inc.	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Phoenix Register of Shipping S.A.	5	4	2	40	0	0	0
Polski Rejestr Statkow	19	12	2	10.53	0	0	0
Qualitas Register of Shipping	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
Russian Maritime Register of Shipping	180	172	0	0	0	0	0
RINA Services S.p.A.	201	115	8	3.98	1	0.5	1
Ship Classification Society of Malaysia	1	1	1	100	0	0	0
Turkish Lloyd	2	1	1	50	0	0	0
Union Bureau of Shipping	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
United Registration and Classification of						0	0
Services	1	1	0	0	0		
Vega Register Inc.	4	3	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>\*</sup> Inspection Classed With, International Maritime Classification, Thai Government, Dakar Class, Bulgarian Register of Shipping, Capital Register of Shipping

Note: RO responsible statistics with respect to detentions and deficiencies are calculated on the basis of the RO which undertook the last survey and endorsed the statutory certificates.

## **COMPARISON OF INSPECTIONS AND DETENTIONS PER SHIP TYPE**

	N	lumber of Ir	spection	S	ı	Number of [	Detention		3-year average	
Type of Ship		Ye				Yea			percentage	
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total		
Bulk Carrier	2475	2908	2700	8083	102	126	107	335	4.14	
Chemical Tanker	390	340	299	1029	4	6	8	18	1.75	
Combination Carrier	4	8	10	22	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Commercial yacht	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00	
Container Ship	691	779	747	2217	27	32	31	90	4.06	
Gas Carrier	69	90	135	294	0	4	7	11	3.74	
Gas Carrier/NLS tanker (GASNLS)	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	1	50.00	
General Cargo / Multipurpose Ship	579	697	765	2041	32	44	38	114	5.59	
Heavy Load Carrier	16	16	9	41	0	2	0	2	4.88	
High Speed Passenger Craft	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Livestock Carrier	36	45	48	129	0	1	0	1	0.78	
MODU or FPSO	2	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0.00	
NLS Tanker*	19	14	5	38	1	0	1	2	5.26	
Oil Tanker	254	230	159	643	11	14	12	37	5.75	
Oil tanker/Chemical tanker (OILCHEM)	72	126	90	288	3	1	2	6	2.08	
Oil tanker/NLS tanker	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	50.00	
Offshore service Vessel	18	20	32	70	5	3	4	12	17.14	
Other Types of Ship	24	30	28	82	2	0	3	5	6.10	
Passenger Ship	29	57	65	151	0	0	2	2	1.32	
Refrigerated Cargo Vessel	12	21	13	46	2	0	0	2	4.35	

	Number of Inspections				Number of Detention				3-year average	
Type of Ship		Year				Yea	percentage			
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total		
Ro-Ro Cargo Ship	28	43	24	95	0	1	0	1	1.05	
Ro-Ro Passenger Ship	1	2	5	8	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Special Purpose Ship	13	11	13	37	0	2	1	3	8.11	
Tugboat	30	44	24	98	1	4	5	10	10.2	
Vehicle Carrier	235	255	142	632	4	5	3	12	1.90	
Woodchip Carrier	63	47	18	128	5	1	0	6	4.69	
Total	5062	5785	5334	16181	200	247	225	672	4.15	

<sup>\*</sup> Earlier known to be Tanker not otherwise specified.

## **COMPARISON OF DEFICIENCIES BY CATEGORIES**

		Numbe	er of Deficienc	cies
Code	Nature of Deficiencies		Year	
		2022	2023	2024
011	Certificate & Documentation - Ship Certificates	165	194	330
012	Certificate & Documentation - Crew Certificates	102	128	140
013	Certificate & Documentation - Documents	334	396	371
021	Structural Conditions	499	654	704
031	Water/Weathertight conditions	628	953	935
041	Emergency Systems	578	743	598
051	Radio Communications	234	286	294
061	Cargo operations including equipment	230	231	199
071	Fire safety	1659	2054	1831
081	Alarms	121	206	179
091	Living Conditions	123	147	152
092	Working Conditions	374	851	661
101	Safety of Navigation	1169	1384	1298
111	Lifesaving appliances	865	1196	1019
121	Dangerous goods	16	31	21
131	Propulsion and auxiliary machinery	574	1129	907
141	Pollution prevention - MARPOL Annex I	194	315	264
142	Pollution prevention - MARPOL Annex II	1	0	5
144	Pollution prevention - MARPOL Annex IV	127	143	140
145	Pollution prevention - MARPOL Annex V	140	198	134
146	Pollution prevention - MARPOL Annex VI	50	79	77
147	Pollution prevention – Anti Fouling	0	1	1
148	Pollution Prevention – Ballast Water	22	12	31
151	ISM	370	423	356
161	ISPS	51	145	78
181	Minimum requirements for seafarers	10	2	17
182	Labour Conditions - Conditions of employment	116	123	126
183	Accommodation recreational facilities F and C	274	363	329
184	Health protection, medical care, social security	700	716	631
991	Other	182	243	171
	Total	9908	13346	11999

## COMPARISON OF INSPECTIONS AND DEFICIENCIES PER RECOGNIZED ORGANIZATION

Recognized Organization	Nu	umber of Ins	spections	i	Number o	of Inspection	iciencies	3-year average percentage	
Redognized Organization		Year	r			Ye	ar		
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total	
American Bureau of Shipping	511	606	512	1629	187	297	224	708	43.46
Asia Classification Society	4	9	4	17	4	3	2	9	52.94
Asia Shipping Certification Services	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0.00
Alpha ship Classification	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	100.00
Biro Klasifikasi Indonesia	6	7	7	20	5	6	6	17	85.00
Bureau Veritas	520	598	560	1678	247	318	252	817	48.69
China Classification Society	313	330	306	949	109	163	108	380	40.04
CR Classification Society	23	19	16	58	13	9	8	30	51.72
Columbus American Register	0	7	8	15	0	6	5	11	73.33
Croatian Register of Shipping	5	7	1	13	1	5	0	6	46.15
Cosmos Marine Bureau Inc.	0	2	2	4	0	1	0	1	25.00
DNV	717	871	732	2320	333	465	375	1173	50.56
Dromon Bureau of Shipping	2	7	19	28	2	4	14	20	71.43
Horizon International Surveying and Inspection Bureau	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00
Hellas Naval Bureau of Shipping	7	16	19	42	6	16	18	40	95.24
Indian Register of Shipping	28	39	37	104	13	35	24	72	69.23
Intermaritime Certification Services S.A.	8	2	8	18	6	2	6	14	77.78
Intertek Maritime Bureau	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	2	100.00
International Naval Surveys Bureau	2	3	6	11	1	2	5	8	72.73
International Register of Shipping	13	23	19	55	9	20	18	47	85.45
International Ship Classification	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00
Iranian Classification Society	5	2	5	12	0	1	3	4	33.33
Isthmus Bureau of Shipping, S. A.	0	2	4	6	0	2	3	5	83.33
Isthmus Maritime Classification Society, S.A.	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00
Korea Classification Society	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00
KOREAN REGISTER	259	278	252	789	126	145	136	407	51.58
Lloyd's Register	578	681	642	1901	229	347	349	925	48.66

B	Nu	mber of Ins	spections		Number o	of Inspection	ns with Def	ficiencies	3-year average percentage
Recognized Organization		Yea	ar			Ye	ar		
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total	
Macosnar Corporation	3	1	4	8	3	0	4	7	87.5
Maritime Bureau of Shipping	0	2	3	5	0	2	3	5	100.00
Maritime Inspection Corporation	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	100.00
Maritime Lloyd Ltd., Georgia	0	1	4	5	0	0	4	4	80.00
Mediterranean Shipping Register	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	2	100.00
National Shipping Adjusters Inc.	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	100.00
New United International Marine Services Ltd.	2	1	0	3	1	1	0	2	66.67
Nippon Kaiji Kyokai	1618	1796	1536	4950	702	853	728	2283	46.12
No Class	55	68	76	199	24	41	34	99	49.75
Other	10	20	42	72	6	16	42	64	88.89
Overseas Marine Certification Service, Inc.	8	11	10	29	6	11	8	25	86.21
Panama Maritime Documentation Services	5	3	9	17	5	3	6	14	82.35
Panama Shipping Registrar Inc.	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00
Phoenix Register of Shipping S. A.	2	5	5	12	2	5	4	11	91.67
Polski Rejestr Statkow	11	17	19	47	7	11	12	30	63.83
Qualitas Register of Shipping	1	2	2	5	1	2	1	4	80.00
Royal Bureau of Shipping	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	100.00
Russian Maritime Register of Shipping	109	99	180	388	99	83	172	354	91.24
Russian River Register	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	2	100.00
RINA Services S.p.A.	162	192	201	555	89	108	115	312	56.22
Ship Classification Society of Malaysia	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00
Sing-Lloyd	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	100.00
Turkish Lloyd	0	0	2	2	0	0	1	1	50.00

		Number of	f Inspection	ons	Numbe	er of Inspec	tions with	Deficiencies	3-year average percentage	
Recognized Organization		Ye	ear				Year		percentage	
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total		
Union Bureau of Shipping	2	0	1	3	2	0	1	3	100.00	
Universal Maritime Bureau Ltd.	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	100.00	
United Registration and Classification of Services	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	2	100.00	
Vega Register Inc.	0	1	4	5	0	1	3	4	80.00	
Veritas Register of Shipping	2	0	4	6	2	0	3	5	83.33	
Viet Nam Register	65	50	62	177	43	32	51	126	71.19	
Withdrawn	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	100.00	
Total	5062	5785	5334	16181	2289	3022	2758	8069	49.87	

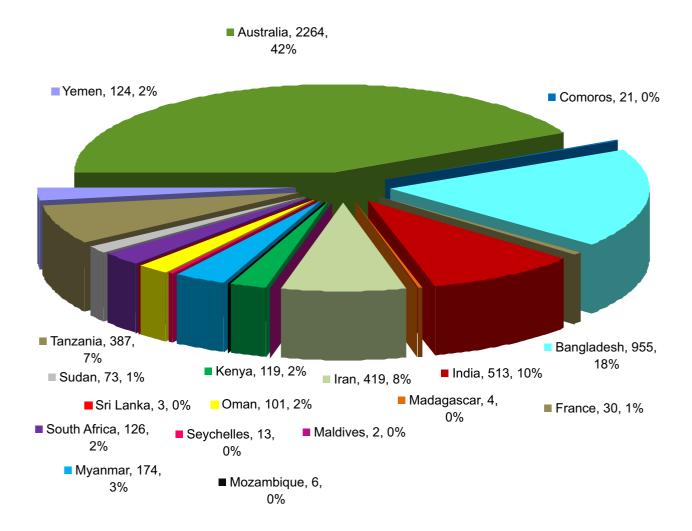
## COMPARISON OF INSPECTIONS AND DETENTIONS PER RECOGNIZED ORGANIZATION

Recognized Organization	Nun	nber of Ins	pections			Number of	Detentions	;	3-year average percentage
		Year				Ye	ar		
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total	
American Bureau of Shipping	511	606	512	1629	15	22	20	57	3.5
Asia Classification Society	4	9	4	17	1	0	0	1	5.88
Asia Shipping Certification Services	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0.00
Alpha Ship Classification	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	100.00
Biro Klasifikasi Indonesia	6	7	7	20	0	0	0	0	0.00
Bureau Veritas	520	598	560	1678	24	32	20	76	4.53
China Classification Society	313	330	306	949	7	9	5	21	2.21
CR Classification Society	23	19	16	58	2	3	0	5	8.62
Columbus American Register	0	7	8	15	0	0	1	1	6.67
Cosmos Marine Bureau Inc.	0	2	2	4	0	0	0	0	0.00
Croatian Register of Shipping	5	7	1	13	0	1	0	1	7.69
DNV	717	871	732	2320	39	35	26	100	4.31
Dromon Bureau of Shipping	2	7	19	28	0	0	1	1	3.57
Horizon International Surveying and Inspection Bureau	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00
Hellas Naval Bureau of Shipping	7	16	19	42	0	1	4	5	11.90
Indian Register of Shipping	28	39	37	104	0	4	4	8	7.69
Intermaritime Certification Services S.A.	8	2	8	18	0	1	2	3	16.67
Intertek Maritime Bureau	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0.00
International Naval Surveys Bureau	2	3	6	11	0	0	1	1	9.09
International Register of Shipping	13	23	19	55	1	3	0	4	7.27
International Ship Classification	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00
Iranian Classification Society	5	2	5	12	0	0	0	0	0.00
Isthmus Bureau of Shipping, S. A	0	2	4	6	0	0	0	0	0.00

	Nur	nber of Ins	pections		ı	Number of I	Detentions		3-year average percentage
Recognized Organization		Year				Yea	ar		
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total	
Isthmus Maritime Classification Society	_					_	,	,	
S.A.	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00
Korea Classification Society	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00
KOREAN REGISTER	259	278	252	789	11	10	12	33	4.18
Layen Repor	578	681	642	1901	12	32	29	73	3.84
Macosnar Corporation	3	1	4	8	1	0	1	2	25.00
Maritime Bureau of Shipping	0	2	3	5	0	0	1	1	20.00
Maritime Inspection Corporation	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	100.00
Mediterranean Shipping Register	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	50.00
Maritime Lloyd Ltd., Georgia	0	1	4	5	0	0	2	2	40.00
National Shipping Adjusters Inc.	0	1	2	3	0	0	1	1	33.33
New United International Marine Services Ltd.	2	1	0	3	1	1	0	2	66.67
Nippon Kaiji Kyokai	1618	1796	1536	4950	61	61	57	179	3.62
Overseas Marine Certification Service, Inc.	8	11	10	29	1	2	1	4	13.79
Panama Maritime Documentation Services	5	3	9	17	1	0	1	2	11.76
Panama Shipping Registrar Inc.	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0.00
Phoenix Register of Shipping S. A.	2	5	5	12	2	4	2	8	66.67
Polski Rejestr Statkow	11	17	19	47	0	2	2	4	8.51
Qualitas Register of Shipping	1	2	2	5	1	0	0	1	20.00
Royal Bureau of Shipping	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00
Russian Maritime Register of Shipping	109	99	180	388	1	0	0	1	0.26
Russian River Register	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0.00
RINA Services S.p.A (RINA)	162	192	201	555	11	14	8	33	5.95

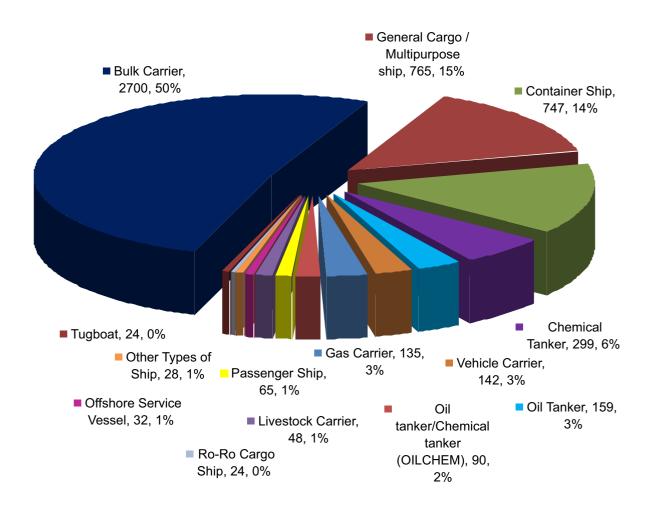
	Nu	ımber of Ir	spection	s		Number of	Detentions	3	3-year average	
Recognized Organization		Year				Yea	r		percentage	
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total		
Ship Classification Society of Malaysia	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00	
Sing-Lloyd	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Turkish Lloyd	0	0	2	2	0	0	1	1	50.00	
Union Bureau of Shipping	2	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Universal Maritime Bureau Ltd.	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00	
United Registration and Classification of Services	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Vega Register Inc.	0	1	4	5	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Veritas Register of Shipping	2	0	4	6	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Viet Nam Register	65	50	62	177	2	0	1	3	1.69	
No Class	55	68	76	199	1	4	4	9	4.52	
Other	10	20	42	72	3	5	14	22	30.56	
Withdrawn	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Total	5062	5785	5334	16181	200	247	225	672	4.15	

### **INSPECTION EFFORTS**



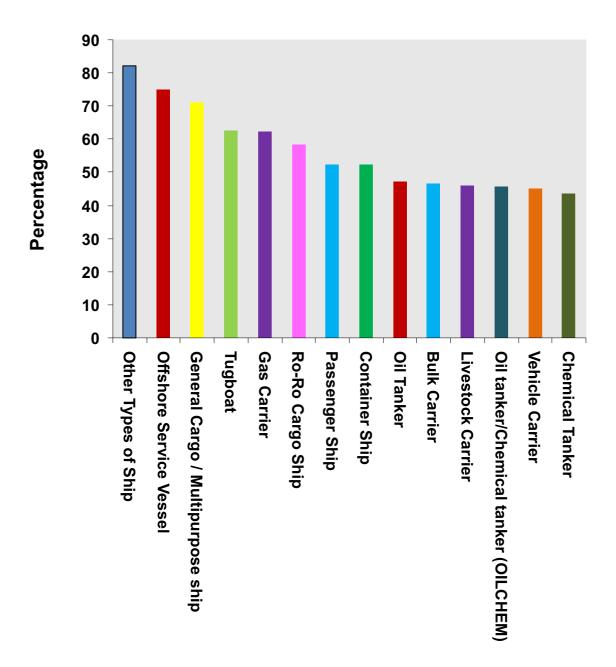
Total inspections: 5334

### **TYPES OF SHIP INSPECTED\***



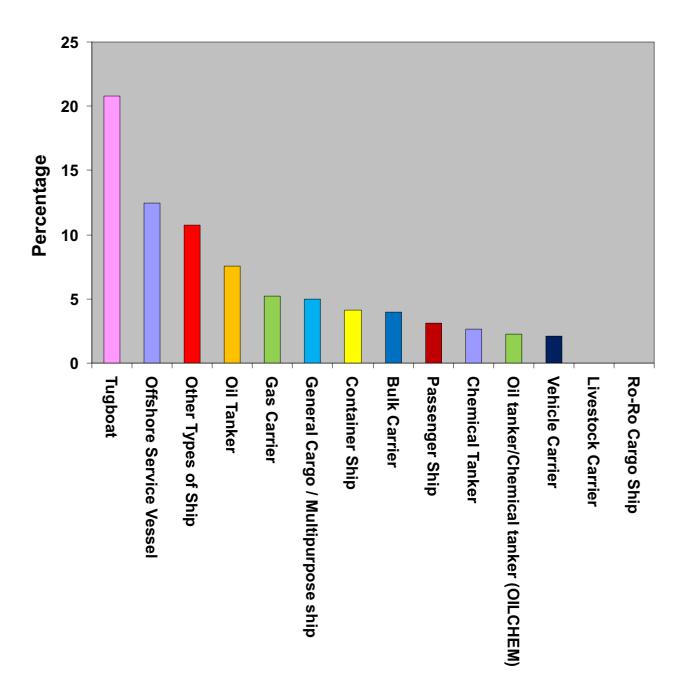
\*20 or more inspections by ship type

### PERCENTAGE OF SHIP TYPE WITH DEFICIENCIES\*



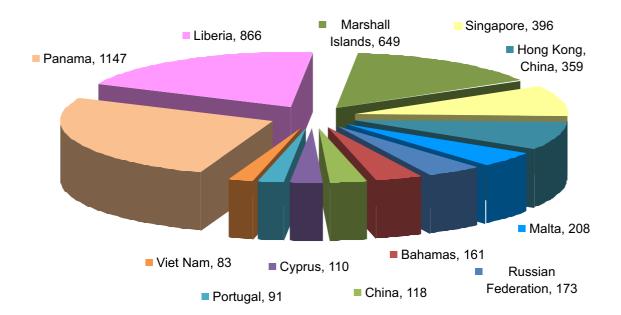
\*20 or more inspections by ship type

## PERCENTAGE OF DETENTION PER SHIP TYPE\*



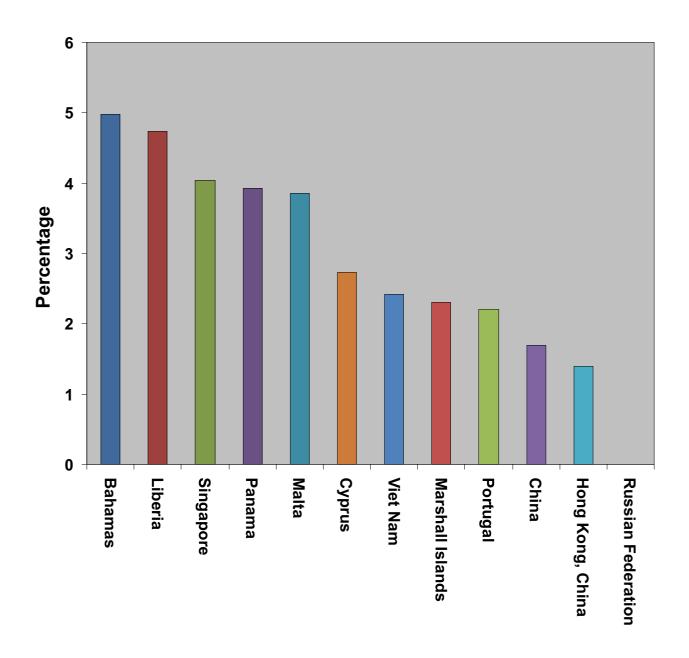
\*20 or more inspections by ship type

### PERCENTAGE OF DEFICIENCIES PER FLAG\*



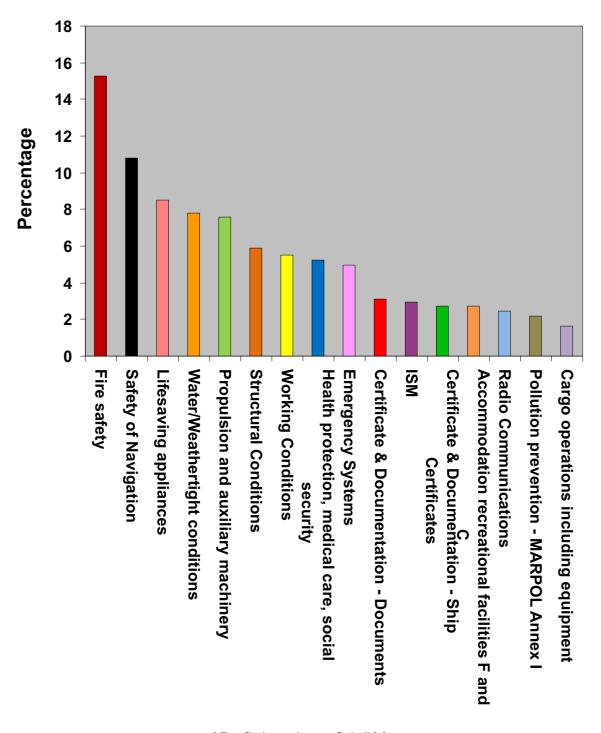
\*75 or more inspections by flag

## PERCENTAGE OF DETENTIONS PER FLAG\*



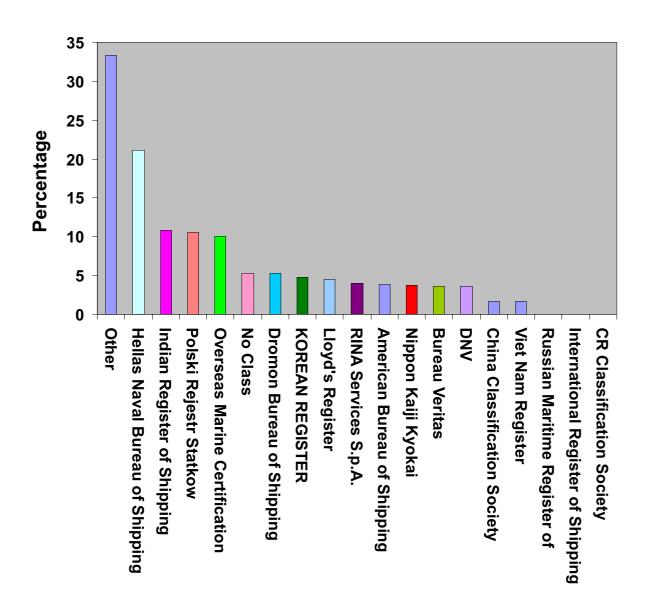
\*75 or more inspections by flag

### PERCENTAGE OF DEFICIENCY BY CATEGORY\*



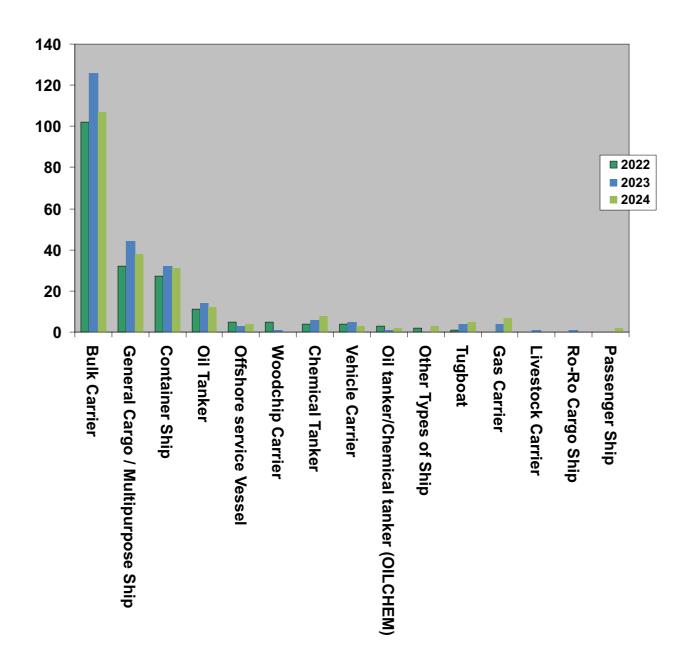
\*Deficiencies of 1.5% or more

### PERCENTAGE OF DETENTION BY RECOGNIZED ORGANIZATION\*



<sup>\*10</sup> or more inspections by Recognized Organization

### **COMPARISON OF DETENTIONS PER SHIP TYPE\***



\*30 or more inspections during 2022, 2023, 2024 by Ship Type

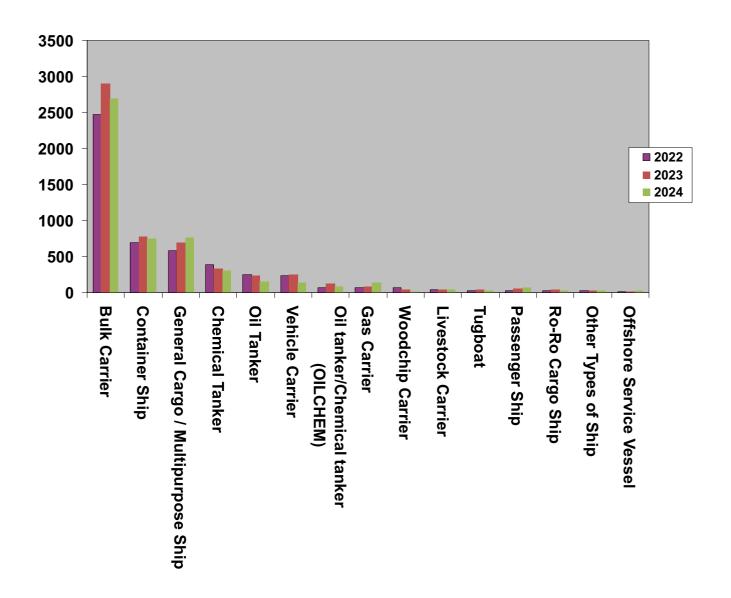
## COMPARISON OF INSPECTIONS AND DEFICIENCIES PER SHIP TYPE

	N	umber of In	spections		Number of	Inspection	with Defici	encies	3-year average	
Type of Ship		Yea				Year			percentage	
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total		
Bulk Carrier	2475	2908	2700	8083	1064	1428	1257	3749	46.38	
Chemical Tanker	390	340	299	1029	93	133	130	356	34.60	
Combination Carrier	4	8	10	22	1	4	3	8	36.36	
Container Ship	691	779	747	2217	348	435	390	1173	52.91	
Commercial yacht	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00	
Gas Carrier	69	90	135	294	33	43	84	160	54.42	
Gas Carrier/NLS tanker (GASNLS)	0	1	1	2	0	1	1	2	100.00	
General Cargo / Multipurpose Ship	579	697	765	2041	368	461	543	1372	67.22	
Heavy Load Carrier	16	16	9	41	6	11	3	20	48.78	
High Speed Passenger Craft	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	100.00	
Livestock Carrier	36	45	48	129	23	25	23	71	55.04	
MODU or FPSO	2	1	0	3	2	0	0	2	66.67	
NLS Tanker*	19	14	5	38	11	8	2	21	55.26	
Offshore Service Vessel	18	20	32	70	10	18	24	52	74.29	
Oil Tanker	254	230	159	643	99	132	76	307	47.74	
Oil tanker/Chemical tanker (OILCHEM)	72	126	90	288	26	46	41	113	39.24	
Oil tanker/NLS tanker (OILNLS)	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	2	100.00	
Other Types of Ship	24	30	28	82	17	24	23	64	78.05	
Passenger Ship	29	57	65	151	17	29	34	80	52.98	
Refrigerated Cargo Vessel	12	21	13	46	9	11	9	29	63.04	
Ro-Ro Cargo Ship	28	43	24	95	13	26	14	53	55.79	
Ro-Ro Passenger Ship	1	2	5	8	0	0	0	0	0.00	

Type of Ship		Number of	Inspections	•	Number o	3-year average percentage			
		Ye	ear						
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total	
Special Purpose Ship	13	11	13	37	10	8	7	25	67.57
Tugboat	30	44	24	98	14	27	15	56	57.14
Vehicle Carrier	235	255	142	632	83	123	63	269	42.56
Woodchip Carrier	63	47	18	128	40	29	14	83	64.84
Total	5062	5785	5334	16181	2289	3022	2758	8069	49.87

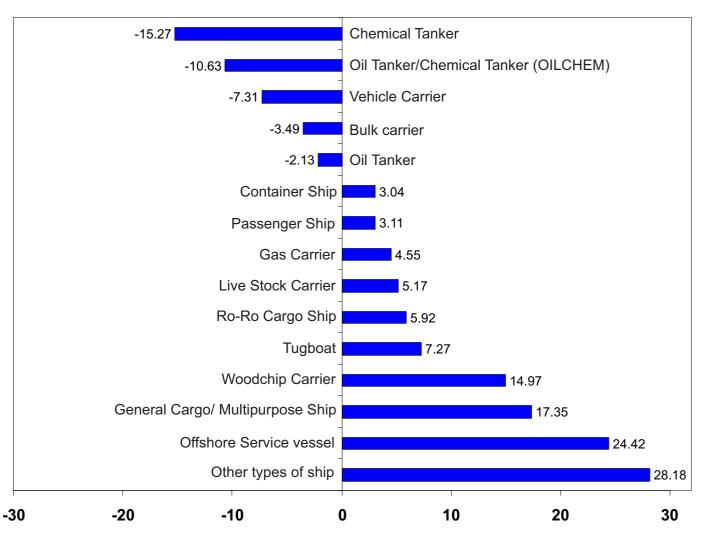
<sup>\*</sup> Earlier known to be Tanker not otherwise specified.

### **COMPARISON OF INSPECTIONS PER SHIP TYPE\***



\*30 or more inspections during 2022, 2023, 2024 by Ship Type

#### **SUMMARY OF 3-YEAR INSPECTIONS WITH DEFICIENCIES PER SHIP TYPE\***



% over (+) or under (-) average

(Deficiencies with under average percentage indicating better performance)

## **COMPARISON OF INSPECTIONS AND DETENTIONS PER FLAG**

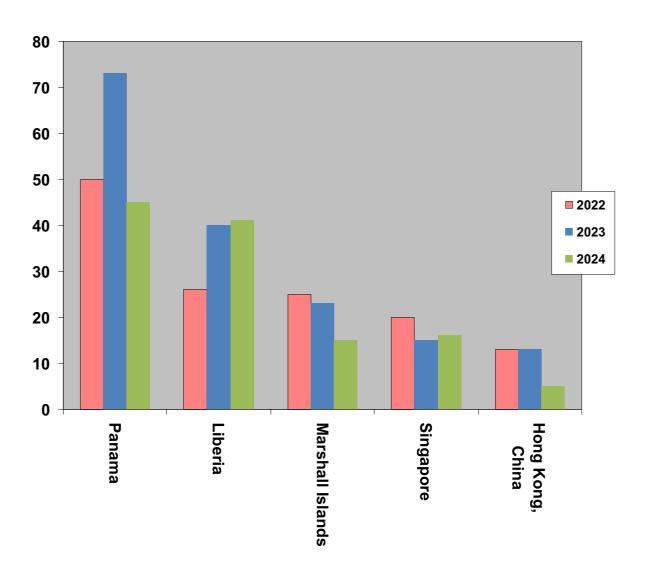
	Nun	nber of Inspe	ctions		Nu		3-year average		
Flag		Year				Year			percentage
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total	por contract
Algeria	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00
Antigua and Barbuda	73	89	64	226	9	8	5	22	9.73
Azerbaijan	2	4	7	13	0	0	0	0	0.00
Bahamas	129	152	161	442	3	3	8	14	3.17
Bangladesh	2	11	10	23	1	1	1	3	13.04
Barbados	9	24	30	63	0	0	0	0	0.00
Belgium	4	11	5	20	0	0	0	0	0.00
Belize	11	10	15	36	0	3	0	3	8.33
Bermuda (UK)	4	10	8	22	0	0	0	0	0.00
Cameroon	3	6	4	13	2	4	2	8	61.54
Cayman Islands (UK)	23	22	14	59	0	0	0	0	0.00
China	122	130	118	370	1	1	2	4	1.08
Comoros	6	20	46	72	0	1	19	20	27.78
Cook Islands	24	31	23	78	6	5	4	15	19.23
Croatia	2	4	1	7	0	0	0	0	0.00
Curacao (NL)	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00
Cyprus	97	98	110	305	5	6	3	14	4.59
Denmark	41	30	31	102	0	0	1	1	0.98
Djibouti	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0.00
Dominica	1	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	0.00
Egypt	2	4	4	10	0	0	0	0	0.00
Ethiopia	4	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	0.00
Equatorial Guinea	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00
Fiji	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00
France	5	3	10	18	0	0	0	0	0.00
Gabon	2	5	5	12	0	1	0	1	8.33
Germany	3	6	0	9	0	0	0	0	0.00
Gibraltar (UK)	7	7	5	19	1	0	1	2	10.53
Greece	35	55	53	143	1	3	0	4	2.80
Guinea	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0.00

	Nu	ımber of Inspe	ctions		N	lumber of De	etentions		3-year average	
Flag		Year				Year	r		percentage	
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total	per contrage	
Guinea Bissau	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Guyana	2	0	2	4	1	0	1	2	50.00	
Hong Kong, China	436	443	359	1238	13	13	5	31	2.50	
Honduras	0	1	3	4	0	0	0	0	0.00	
India	30	19	24	73	1	1	1	3	4.11	
Indonesia	33	21	16	70	2	0	0	2	2.86	
Iran	9	11	9	29	1	0	0	1	3.45	
Israel	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Isle of Man (UK)	32	43	29	104	1	2	1	4	3.85	
Italy	18	19	11	48	0	0	1	1	2.08	
Jamaica	3	2	2	7	0	0	1	1	14.29	
Japan	56	58	39	153	1	0	1	2	1.31	
Jordan	0	1	5	6	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Kazakhstan	0	2	3	5	0	0	0		0.00	
Kiribati	3	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	33.33	
Korea, Republic of	60	54	46	160	1	3	3	7	4.38	
Kuwait	4	3	4	11	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Lebanon	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Liberia	678	916	866	2460	26	40	41	107	4.35	
Libya	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Luxembourg	6	10	10	26	0	1	0	1	3.85	
Micronesia	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Madagascar	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Malaysia	9	14	10	33	1	1	3	5	15.15	
Malta	244	243	208	695	6	9	8	23	3.31	
Marshall Islands	683	768	649	2100	25	23	15	63	3.00	
Mauritius	0	1	3	4	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Mongolia	4	2	2	8	0	0	0	0	0.00	
Montenegro	2	3	0	5	1	1	0	2	40.00	
Myanmar	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00	

	Nu	umber of Inspe	ections			Number of De	tentions		0
Flag		Year				Year			3-year average percentage
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total	percentage
Niue	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	100.00
Netherlands	28	42	35	105	2	6	3	11	10.48
New Zealand	2	4	3	9	0	0	0	0	0.00
Norway	60	91	58	209	2	1	0	3	1.44
Pakistan	0	2	2	4	0	1	0	1	25.00
Palau	21	42	51	114	2	3	6	11	9.65
Panama	1152	1292	1147	3591	50	73	45	168	4.68
Papua New Guinea	0	2	1	3	0	1	0	1	33.33
Philippines	20	12	7	39	0	0	0	0	0.00
Portugal	56	102	91	249	2	0	2	4	1.61
Qatar	2	2	0	4	1	0	0	1	25.00
Russian Federation	116	95	173	384	1	0	0	1	0.26
Seychelles	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.00
Saint Kitts and Nevis	10	22	44	76	2	6	6	14	18.42
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	4	18	17	39	0	0	0	0	0.00
Sao Tome and Principe	0	3	4	7	0	0	0	0	0.00
Saudi Arabia	3	6	6	15	0	0	0	0	0.00
Ships registration withdrawn-ZZ	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	100.00
Sierra Leone	1	2	6	9	0	0	0	0	0.00
Singapore	427	453	396	1276	20	15	16	51	4.00
South Africa	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0.00
Spain	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0.00
Sri Lanka	2	2	2	6	0	0	0	0	0.00
Sweden	10	8	3	21	0	1	0	1	4.76
Switzerland	5	4	1	10	0	1	0	1	10.00
Taiwan, China	8	13	13	34	1	1	0	2	5.88
Tanzania	8	13	22	43	2	1	4	7	16.28
Thailand	33	23	38	94	0	0	4	4	4.26
Togo	2	10	19	31	0	0	4	4	12.90
Turkey	6	7	5	18	0	1	0	1	5.56
Tuvalu	30	23	23	76	2	0	2	4	5.26
United Arab Emirates (UAE)	4	2	4	10	0	1	0	1	10.00
United Kingdom	23	25	28	76	0	2	1	3	3.95

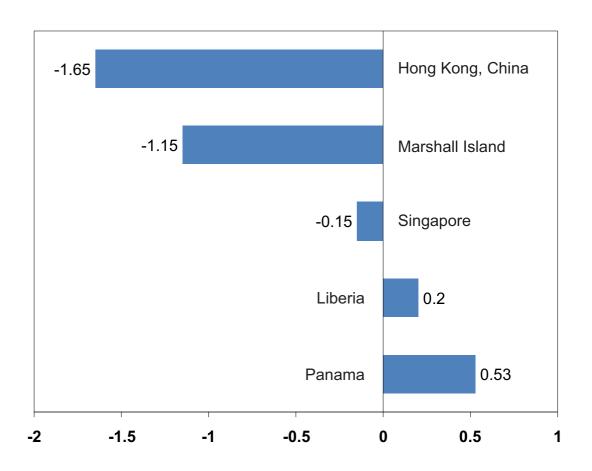
Flori	Number of Inspections				Number of Detentions			3-year average percentage	
Flag	Year				Year				
	2022	2023	2024	Total	2022	2023	2024	Total	
United States	13	13	7	33	0	0	0	0	0.00
Vanuatu	6	11	10	27	0	3	1	4	14.81
Viet Nam	81	66	83	230	2	0	2	4	1.74
Total	5062	5785	5334	16181	200	247	225	672	4.15

## **COMPARISON OF DETENTIONS PER FLAG\***



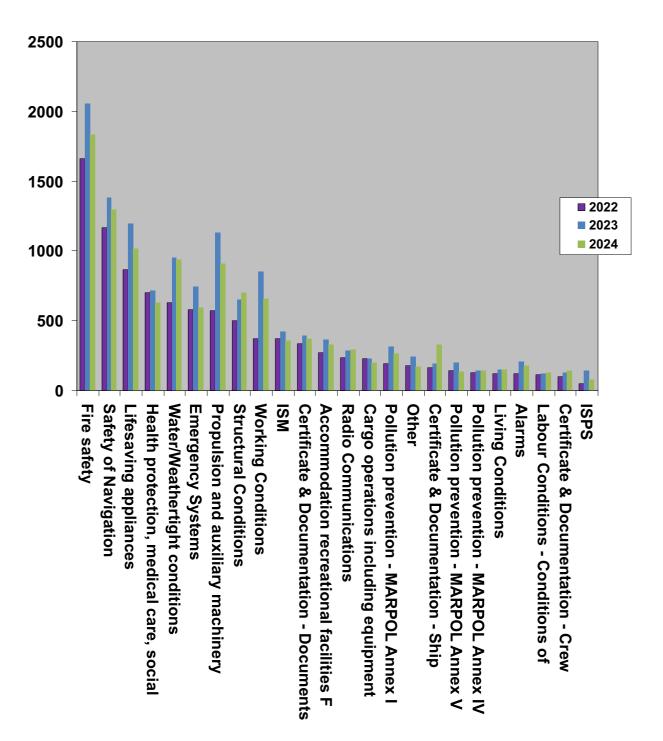
<sup>\*10</sup> or more detentions during 2022, 2023, 2024 by Flag

## **SUMMARY OF 3 YEAR DETENTION PERCENTAGE PER FLAG\***



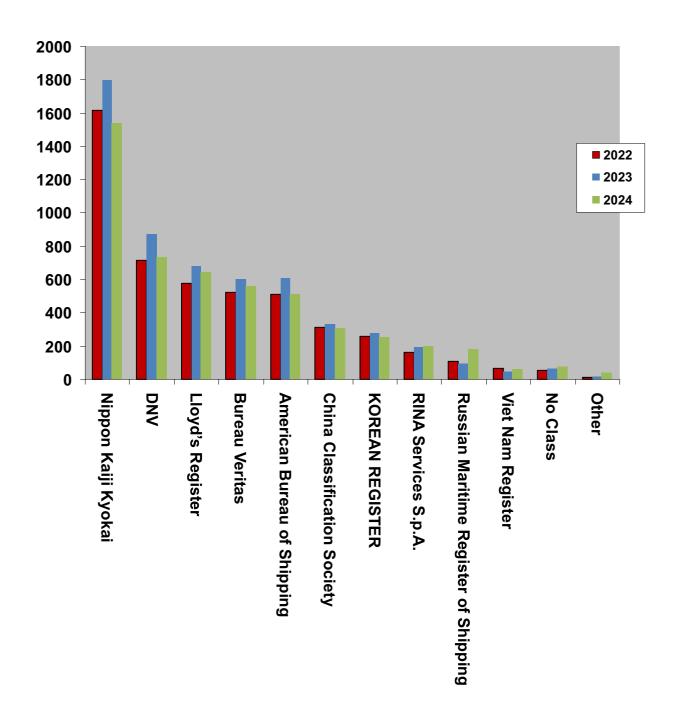
% OVER (+) OR UNDER (-) AVERAGE (Detentions with under average percentage indicating better performance)

#### **COMPARISON OF DEFICIENCIES BY CATEGORY\***



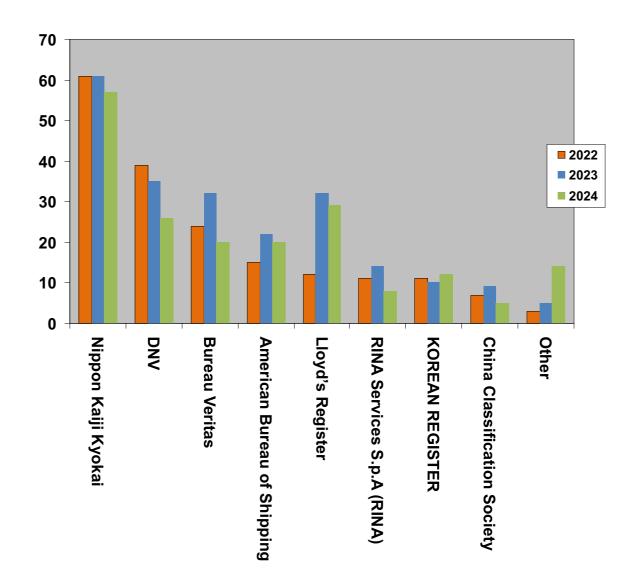
\*100 or more deficiencies during 2022, 2023, 2024 by Category

## **COMPARISON OF INSPECTIONS PER RECOGNIZED ORGANIZATION\***



<sup>\*40</sup> or more ship inspections during 2022, 2023, 2024 by Recognized Organization

# **COMPARISON OF DETENTIONS PER RECOGNIZED ORGANIZATION\***



<sup>\*5</sup> or more detentions during 2022, 2023, 2024 by Recognized Organization

# LIST OF UNDERPERFORMING SHIPS FOR THE YEAR 2024

Sr.	IMO	Ship Name	Date of	Flag	RO	Company	Detainable	Inspecting
No.	No.		Inspections			Number	Deficiencies	<b>Authority</b>
01	9173056	CAMILA B	2023-04-14	Panama	DNV GL AS	1704039	18314 - Provisions quantity 07115 - Fire-dampers	Australia
	9173056	CAMILA B	2024-01-16	Panama	Det Norske Veritas (DNV)	1704039	18299 - Other (Conditions of employment) 14104 - Other (Conditions of employment)	Australia
	9173056	CAMILA B	2024-07-18	Panama	Det Norske Veritas (DNV)	1704039	11101 - Lifeboats 15106 - Shipboard operations	Australia
02	9571507	MARSGRACHT	2023-10-09	Netherlands	Bureau Veritas (BV)	0289239	15150 - Multiple Elements of the ISM code	Australia
	9571507	MARSGRACHT	2024-02-06	Netherlands	Bureau Veritas (BV)	0289239	15150 - Multiple Elements of the ISM code	Australia
	9571507	MARSGRACHT	2024-11-14	Netherlands	Bureau Veritas (BV)	0289239	15106 - Shipboard operations	Australia

# MARITIME LABOUR CONVENTION (MLC) STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR 2024 AND 2023

Over all figures on PSC Inspections	2024	2023
Total No. of PSC inspections in general	5334	5785
Total No. of PSC inspections with deficiencies	2758	3021
Total No. of PSC deficiencies	11991	13346
Total No. of PSC detentions	225	247
PSC detentions percentage	4.22	4.27
Figures on PSC Inspections w.r.t MLC 2006 as amended		
Total No. of PSC inspections having MLC related deficiencies	768	798
Total No. of PSC deficiencies w.r.t MLC 2006 as amended	1193	1266
Total No. of PSC detentions w.r.t MLC 2006 as amended	20	18
Total No. of PSC deficiencies on detained ships w.r.t MLC 2006	31	21
Percentage of PSC inspections w.r.t to MLC 2006 as amended	14.39%	13.79%
Percentage of PSC detentions w.r.t MLC 2006 as amended	8.88%	7.28%

# THE REPORT OF CIC ON CREW WAGES AND SEAFARER EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (MLC)

Name of reporting Authority	Total number of inspections	Total number of deficiencies	Total number of detentions
Australia	471	30	0
Bangladesh	182	3	0
France	6	0	0
India	144	21	0
Iran	69	8	0
Kenya	31	5	0
Myanmar	28	0	0
Oman	22	0	0
Seychelles	3	0	0
South Africa	24	1	0
Sudan	11	47	0
Tanzania	125	2	0
Total	1116	117	0

# CIC ON CREW WAGES AND SEAFARER EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (MLC) RELATED DEFICIENCIES AS PER SHIP TYPE FOR THE YEAR 2024

CIC topic related deficiencies	No. of CIC related deficiencies	No. of CIC related deficiencies recorded as ground for detention	No. of CIC related deficiencies recorded as RO related
NLS tanker-311	0	0	0
combination carrier-312	0	0	0
oil tanker-313	0	0	0
Oil tanker/Chemical tanker (OILCHEM)-314	0	0	0
gas carrier -320	1	0	0
Gas Carrier/NLS tanker (GASNLS)-324	0	0	0
chemical tanker-330	4	0	0
bulk carrier-340	41	0	0
vehicle carrier-352	0	0	0
container ship-353	6	0	0
ro-ro cargo ship-355	0	0	0
general cargo/multi-purpose ship-360	32	0	0
wood-chip carrier-363	0	0	0
livestock carrier-367	14	0	0
ro-ro passenger ship-370	11	0	0
passenger ship-371	0	0	0
heavy load carrier-375	0	0	0
offshore service vessel-376	0	0	0
special purpose ship-382	0	0	0
tugboat-385	8	0	0
other types of ship-399	0	0	0
Total	117	0	0



# THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT TANZANIA SHIPPING AGENCIES CORPORATION TASAC

# TANZANIA SHIPPING AGENCIES CORPORATION (TASAC)



#### **TASAC PROFILE**

#### 1. Introduction

Tanzania Shipping Agencies Corporation (TASAC) is Government Corporation established under section 4 of the Tanzania Shipping Agencies Act, Cap. 415 as maritime administration to regulate ports services, shipping services, maritime environment, safety, security, and carry out shipping business in Mainland Tanzania.

TASAC come in operation after the Government Notice No. 53 published on 16th February, 2018. Thus, the Corporation started to operate with effect from 23rd February, 2018 under the Ministry of Transport (MoT). TASAC took-over part of functions and duties including maritime safety and security, port and shipping regulatory functions that were undertaken by the Surface and Marine Transport Regulatory Authority (SUMATRA).

In June, 2022; the Tanzania Shipping Agencies Act, Cap. 415 was amended through Finance Act No.5 of the FY 2022 and removed the responsibilities of the Shipping Agency, Document Control, and Ship Tallying. Amendments of section 7 (1) have reduced the scope of the exclusive mandates and remained with the role of clearing and forwarding exclusively for arm and ammunitions, mineral concentrates, chemicals used by mining companies, Government trophies, and wild animals under the wildlife conservation act

#### 2. Mandate of TASAC

The overall mandate of the Corporation is to regulate ports, maritime safety, security, and the environment. The objectives of the Corporation include the following:

- a) Promoting effective management and operations of shipping agencies;
- b) Promoting effective operations of ports and shipping services;
- c) Maintaining cargo safety and security;
- d) Promoting and maintaining the maritime environment, safety, and security;
- e) Promoting efficiency, economy, and reliability;
- f) Fostering the development and expansion of the maritime transport sector; and
- g) Promoting competition in the shipping agency business.

#### 3. Roles of The Corporation

The roles of the Corporation in related to regulating maritime administration, maritime environment, safety, and security. It performs the following functions:

- a) Administer the Merchant Shipping Act;
- b) Exercise port state control of all foreign ships and flag state control of ships registered; in Mainland Tanzania;
- c) Regulate and approve marine services safety equipment's and marine services providers;
- d) Regulate ferries:
- e) Coordinate maritime search and rescue operations:
- f) Regulate and coordinate the protection and preservation of the marine environment; and
- g) Disseminate information and create awareness on matters related to maritime; environment, safety, and security.

#### 4. Vision, Mission, and Core Value

Vision: A world class maritime administration transforming Tanzania intoglobal maritime hub.

Mission: To regulate Maritime transport sector for safe, secure, competitive and contribute to socio-economic welfare

#### **Core Value:**

- Customer focus
- Innovation
- Integrity
- Accountability

#### 5. Services Offered

The Corporation has four directorates whereby Directorate of Maritime Safety, Security and Protection of Marine Environment (DMSE), The Directorate of Maritime Transport Services (DMTR), Directorate of Shipping Business (DSB), and Directorate of Corporate Services (DCS). The following are the responsibilities of each directorate;

#### 5.1 Directorate of Maritime Safety, Security and Protection of Marine Environment

The Directorate of Maritime Safety, Security and Environment regulates Maritime Transport by ensuring that it establishes and maintains at all time:

- I) Safety of the vessel, its crew, cargo, and passengers;
- ii) Security of the vessel and port facilities; and
- iii) Protection of marine environment from pollution caused by vessels.

The Directorate is composed of three sections namely:

#### I) Registration, Survey, and Inspection of Vessels

The functions of this section include:

- a) Initiating the ratification, domestication, and implementation of the relevant International Maritime Instruments;
- b) Developing Merchant Shipping Regulations and forwarding to the Minister responsible for shipping for approval and signing;
- c) Appointment of Surveyors;
- d) Registration and licensing vessels;
- e) Surveying and inspection of vessels along with issuing relevant safety certificates;
- f) Measuring the tonnage of ships;
- g) Marking of ships i.e. load lines;
- h) Overseeing safe manning level of vessels;
- I) Exercising Port State Control of all foreign ships;
- j) Regulating and approving marine services safety equipmentand marine services providers; and
- k) Regulating ferries including ferries that are offering services andoperated by the Government.

#### ii) Seafarers Training and Certification

The functions of this section include:

- a) Accreditation of Maritime Training Institutions;
- b) Dealing with seafarers' affairs; and
- c) Certification of seafarers.

#### iii) Navigation, Security and Marine Environment

The functions of this section include:

- a) Dealing with prevention of collisions of ships and safety of navigation, including investigation of incidents and accidents;
- b) Coordinating all matters relating to the National Maritime Search and Rescue activities;
- c) Overseeing and coordinating all matters related to the prevention of marine pollution from vessels;
- d) Disseminating information and creating awareness on matters related to Maritime Environment, Safety and Security;
- e) Dealing with wrecks and its removal;
- f) Overseeing matters related to maritime security including ship and port facility security and the implementation of International Ship and Port Facilities Security (ISPS) Code;
- g) Overseeing matters relating to port safety; and
- h) Regulating and coordinating the protection and preservation of marine environment.

#### 5.2 The Directorate of Maritime Transport Services

It provides effectively, efficiently, and timely regulatory services. The directorate is composed with two sections, namely:

#### 1) Shipping Services Regulation Section

- a) Shipping Agents;
- b) Cargo Consolidators and De-consolidators; and
- c) Clearing and Forwarding Agents.

#### II) Port Services Regulation Section

- a) Port and Terminal Operators;
- b) Dry Ports;
- c) Miscellaneous Port Services (MPS Providers);
- d) Gross Mass Verifiers (GMV).

Under both sections mentioned above, TASAC deals with regulatory services and ensures compliance as follows:

- Issue, renew and cancel licenses:
- Establish standards for regulated goods and regulated services;
- Establish standards for the terms and conditions of supply of the regulated goods and services;
- Regulate rates and charges;
- Monitor the performance of the regulated services providers;
- Facilitate the resolution of complaints and disputes;
- Monitor and superintend the conduct and practices of shipping lines and other regulated service providers;
- Monitor freight rates and surcharge to ensure there is correct application during the period of their validity;
- Call for, register and appraise freight rates currency and bunker adjustment factors and other charges or surcharges in relation to maritime transport services;
- Require all ships loading or discharging cargo in Mainland Tanzania ports to submit to the Corporation; Ship particulars;
   Freight rates; Copies of cargo freighted manifest and charter parties for both import and export; Copies of operational or service agreement; Notification of any imposition of new charges; Condition of services and any other relevant information;
- · Register shippers, shipping agents and clearing and forwarding agents;
- Superintend the conduct of shipping agents;
- Disseminate information about matters relevant to the functions of the Corporation;
- Perform such others functions as may be conferred on the Corporation by the Act or any other written by laws.

The above-mentioned regulatory services are provided online through Shipping Service Providers Online Portal

#### 5.3 Directorate of Shipping Business

TASAC performs its exclusive mandate in clearing and forwarding functions in accordance with section 7 of the Tanzania Shipping Agencies Act, Cap. 415. Therefore, the Directorate of Shipping Business is responsible for carrying out the responsibilities of cargo clearing and forwarding services under the exclusive mandatefunctions relating to import and export of: arms and ammunition, mineral concentrates, chemical used by mining companies, Government trophies and live animals under the Wildlife Conservation Act.

#### I) Clearing and forwarding activities

Ćlearing and forwarding activities performed by the Corporation involve the following: verification of documents and classification of import and export cargo, coordinating permits application to various departments, preparation of customs declarations, mobilization of clients to pay taxes & duties, representing customers to shipping agents, representing clients during cargo verification, coordinating payment of port charges, coordinating freight forwarding activities, advising clients on all matters related to cargo clearing and forwarding.

#### ii) Areas of operations

The Corporation operates in established custom entry and exit points including; maritime ports, airports, border stations andother customs-controlled areas.

#### 5.4 Directorate of Economic Regulation

The Directorate of Economic Regulation performs the following key activities:

- a) Monitor enforcement of economic regulations and requirements in the regulated services.
- b) Carry out reviews of rates and charges and use regulatory powers of the Act to influence pricing of services in the interest of consumers and regulated services providers.
- c) Develop methods for determining performance benchmarks and performance standards for services provided.
- d) Manage the complaint process.
- e) Conduct and manage surveys and search information necessary for industry control.
- Tracking the economic dynamics that can affect the controlled industry.

#### 6. TASAC Stakeholders

The Corporation interacts with various internal and external stakeholders including Ministries; Institutions and Authorities under the Ministry; Private Sector, Employees; General Public; Non-Government Organizations (NGOs); Regional and International Organization. Therefore, effective achievement of its outcomes depends on the way the Corporation engages those stakeholders in day-to-day operation.

Some Key stakeholdersare International Maritime Organisations, Ministry of Transport, Treasury Registrar's Office, Tanzania Bureau of Standard (TBS), TAEC and Government Chemical Laboratory Agency (GCLA), Tanzania Meteorological Agency (TMA), National Environment Management Council (NEMC), local governments, NAVY Force, Police Marine, National Bureau of Statistics (NBS), Tanzania Port Authority (TPA), Tanzania Revenue Authority (TRA), Media, Publics, Regulated Service Providers (Shipping Agents, Clearing & Forwarding Agent.

Others include Cargo Consolidators / De-Consolidators, Dry Ports, Terminal Operators, and Miscellaneous Ports Services (MPS) Providers, Gross mass verifiers, Public Procurement Regulatory Authority (PPRA), e-Government Authority (e-GA), Ship/Vessel owners or principal, General public, and others.

#### 7. TASAC Office

The Headquarter of TASAC is in Dar es Salam and 8 regional offices in Tanga, Mtwara, Kigoma, Rukwa, Geita, Kagera, Mwanza, Mara and 8 Station offices in Ukerewe, Kyela, Tunduma, Sirari, Holoholo, Holili, Tunduma and Kahama.

#### 8. Contacts

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# **INDIAN OCEAN MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING**

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